

## MORE Troubles for the Burghers.

## Formal Entry Of the British Into Johannesburg.

## The Boers Have Retreated to Pretoria and Rumors of Its Evacuation

Are in Circulation. Great Quantities of Rolling Stock, Ammunition, Etc., Captured. The Mines are Uninjured.

Special by Associated Press.  
Germiston, May 30.—Johannesburg is practically in British possession. The mines are uninjured. Nine engines, a coal train and a great quantity of rolling stock was captured by the British. The troops have not yet occupied Johannesburg. General French is now at Elandsfontein. The state entry into Johannesburg will take place tomorrow. The Boers have gone to Pretoria. The railroad from here to the Vaal River is uninjured.

## ANNEXATION Of the Free State Does Not Necessarily Imply Its Pacification.

Special by Associated Press.  
London, May 31.—Lord Roberts' latest dispatches shed somewhat different light on the military situation. Before they were received celebrations were organized in country towns in honor of the fall of Pretoria. Pretoria, however, is not yet in the hands of the British, though there is no reason to doubt the authenticity of the report that Kruger has evacuated the place and that the municipality is ready to surrender when confronted by superior numbers. At nine o'clock last night the final movement on the Transvaal capital had apparently not commenced. Supposing that Johannesburg surrenders at noon to-day, Pretoria should be reached by June 2. General Buller's loss of forty men is a striking evidence that the annexation of the free state by no means implies its pacification.

## PRESIDENT KRUGER Said to be Fleeing in the Direction of Delagoa Bay.

Special by Associated Press.  
London, May 31.—The Daily Mail publishes the following dispatch from the Earl of Rosslyn, who was a prisoner at Pretoria, but who, as a civilian, appears to have been released: "Pretoria will be occupied in about two hours, without resistance. The president has gone to Waterfallboven. Burgomaster De Souza is authorized to receive the British. He, with an influential committee of citizens, including Chief Justice Gregorowski, has been appointed to preserve life and property during the interregnum. Everything is quiet, but crowds are waiting expectantly in Church square for the arrival of the British."

London, May 31.—At noon the British were only about two hours' march from Pretoria, and the Boer military forces had abandoned the city. This intelligence comes from the Reuter agent at the Transvaal capital and from the Earl of Rosslyn, in a press dispatch. The two messages left about the same time. The war office has received no news from Lord Roberts which the officials would make public, but it is assumed that the press advices are correct. Most of the London morning papers print Lord Rosslyn's dispatch and comment upon it, treating the war as ended. Some of the more cautious critics think that guerrilla warfare is likely to be carried on for some time in various parts of the conquered territories.

All the Boer forces are dissolving, but Lord Roberts has not yet taken any considerable quantities of artillery, arms or stores. Large bodies of Boers must be still somewhere in the field. Waterfallboven, or Waterfallboven, is 130 miles due east of Pretoria, on the Delagoa Bay railway. It is a small place in a mountainous country. The seat of the Boer government—what there is left of it—will probably be Lydenburg, to the north. A dispatch from Lorenzo Marques, dated Wednesday, says: "Commandant Kraus has surrendered Johannesburg

to Lord Roberts. By late train from Pretoria arrived a few Greeks, who say they were told to leave Pretoria Tuesday. They affirm that the train in which they left was shelled by the British, and that half the train was cut off, the remainder steaming away. This incident probably occurred at Elandsfontein Junction. Passengers from Pretoria assert that the town is utterly demoralized. There is a mad rush for the coast. Five train loads of fugitives are expected here."

General Baden-Powell is invading further north without opposition. Commandant Snyman having gone toward Pretoria. On northern Natal, Utrecht has surrendered to General Hillyard and General Lyttleton is moving to Vryheid. Three different correspondents estimate the number of Boers at Laing's Nek at about 10,000.

The Times says: "The war is practically over. By this time the British flag is flying in Pretoria. Mr. Kruger has fled and is en route half way to Delagoa bay."

Future Home of the Boers.  
Lorenzo Marques, May 31.—It would not be surprising if a large proportion of the rebel Dutch sought temporary refuge on Portuguese territory. Although the authorities here are reticent, they are not blind to such a possibility. It is reported that a special train from Pretoria, with fugitives, was derailed on the Transvaal side of Komatipoort, a number of passengers being killed or injured. The British authorities at Bulawayo think the Boers will retire into southern Rhodesia.

Dictating Terms.  
Pretoria, May 31.—British officers are now at Johannesburg dictating terms of surrender. The British advance guard is half way between Johannesburg and Pretoria. It is reported that there is a force also at Hatherly. All the forces have been disarmed from the forts around Pretoria. President Kruger is now at Waterfallboven.

Not Confirmed.  
London, May 31.—The war office has just announced that no news has been received here tending to confirm a rumor said to be current in Berlin that Johannesburg has been blown up.

## BENCH Warrant Has Been Issued.

## Ex Gov. Taylor Charged With Being an Accessory

## To the Assassination of Gov. William Goebel of Kentucky.

The Warrant Issued This Morning and Placed in the Hands of Deputy Sheriff Suter to be Served on Taylor.

Special by Associated Press.  
Frankfort, Ky., May 31.—Circuit Clerk Fork received an order from Judge Cantrell this morning directing him to issue a bench warrant for the arrest of former Governor W. S. Taylor. The warrant is based on the indictment charging Taylor with being accessory to the assassination of William Goebel. The warrant was issued and placed in the hands of Sheriff Suter, who is acting in the absence of the regular sheriff.

## 1,000 MEN Will be Organized by the Sheriff

## As a Posse Comitatus to Assist the Police

## Of St. Louis in Keeping the Peace During the Street Railway Strike. Sheriff to Have Force Ready Soon.

Special by Associated Press.  
St. Louis, May 31.—Sheriff Pohlman began organizing a posse comitatus of 1,000 men to aid the police in preserving order during the Street Railway strike. He expects to have the posse ready for service by Saturday.

## EDICT Has Been Issued by China.

## Death Penalty Threatened Against All Members

## Of the Organization of Boxers Whom Government Finds Proof Against.

All Nations are Sending Troops to the Scene of Action. Fifty Americans Sent to Peking.

Special by Associated Press.  
Washington, May 31.—The following cablegram was received from Admiral Kempff, this morning:  
"Taku, May 30.—One hundred men were landed and sent to Tien Tsin yesterday. Fifty of these will go to Peking this day. The other nations have landed men."

## DEATH PENALTY Is Imposed by Chinese Government on the Boxers.

Special by Associated Press.  
Shanghai, May 31.—The Chinese government issued an edict prohibiting the Boxers organization under penalty of death. The edict, which was signed by the emperor, was couched in equivocal terms and promulgated really more as an excuse than in condemnation of the movement.

Missionaries Safe.  
Tien Tsin, China, May 31.—The rescue party returned from Ching Hsin Tsin and confirmed the report that the besieged Belgians are now safe at Peking. They found several thousand Boxers about the ruins of La Kow Chiao and Chang Hsin Tsin stations. The bridges have been damaged and the rolling stock destroyed. They further report that the missionaries and others escaped from Pao Ting in boats. Five Russian warships and two Russian gunboats, one French warship, two British warships and one Italian warship have arrived here. They are all landing men.

Heavy fighting has taken place between the imperial troops and the Boxers at Lal-Sha-H-Sen, but the result is not known here. Railway traffic at Peking has been resumed. The foreign settlement here is sufficiently protected by the American and Japanese troops which have been landed. Consequently excitement has abated.

Situation Better.  
Peking, May 31.—The situation is somewhat better, the Chinese troops having occupied all disturbed localities. The party rescued at Chang-Sin-Tien defended themselves from a house and fired on the Boxers, killing several. When the troops of the relieving party arrived the house was abandoned and the soldiers looted and burned it. Two men and one woman are unaccounted for. It is feared they are in the hands of the Boxers.

The gravest anxiety is now felt as to the probable behavior of the Chinese troops, most of whom sympathize with the patriotic movement to drive out the foreigners who are regarded as gradually absorbing China.

Hate White Men.  
London, May 31.—Sir Halliday Macartney, ambassador and English secretary to the Chinese legation in London, says he regards the rebellion as grave, although he is hopeful that it may be suppressed. The danger lies, in his opinion, in the fact that among the Chinese there are large numbers of inflammable persons. The Boxers is a new organization. Sir Halliday never heard of it during his 20 years' residence in China. Its members, he says, hate all white men.

## Russian Troops Barred. Tien Tsin, May 31.—The Chinese refuse to allow Russian troops to pass the Taku forts.

## LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Special by Associated Press.  
Chicago, May 31.—Cattle receipts 13,000, dull, weak; steers, 495-560. Hogs, receipts, 35,000, opened shade lower, closed strong, 485-517½. Sheep, receipts, 10,000, 510-565. Live lambs, 5-7.

## GRAIN MARKET.

Special by Associated Press.  
Cincinnati, May 31.—Wheat, dull, 72. Corn, quiet, 40½. Oats, weak, 24½. Rye, easier, 61. Provisions steady. Eggs, 10½ to 11; butter, steady.

Toledo, May 31.—Wheat, 71½. Rye, 57½.

## SURGEON

## In the Army During the Civil War,

## Later Assistant Surgeon in Marine Hospital.

Death of Dr. Truman W. Miller in Chicago Today. Blood Poisoning Caused His Death. Well Known Surgical Expert.

Special by Associated Press.  
Chicago, May 31.—Dr. Truman, one of the best known surgeons in the west died here today, of blood poisoning. Dr. Miller served as surgeon in the civil war, and later was made assistant surgeon in the marine hospital here and after several years service in this capacity he was made chief surgeon.

## ALL Is Now Off With the Boers.

## Kruger Taken A Few Miles Beyond His Capital

## Whether He Had Fled Upon the Close Approach of the British.

## The Information Given Out Unofficially That Briton Has Fallen Into the Hands of Lord Roberts' Men.

Special by Associated Press.  
LONDON, MAY 31.—THE AIR IS FULL OF RUMORS FROM THE SOUTH AFRICAN WAR TO-DAY. THIS IS THE DAY UPON WHICH LORD ROBERTS WAS TO TAKE FORMAL POSSESSION OF JOHANNESBURG, FROM WHICH POINT HE WOULD PRESS FORWARD TO PRETORIA. RUMORS ARE CURRENT THAT NOT ONLY HAS JOHANNESBURG BEEN OCCUPIED BUT THAT THE UNION JACK NOW FLIES FROM THE PUBLIC BUILDINGS IN PRETORIA. THE RUMORS LACK CONFIRMATION BUT ALL ENGLAND HOPES IT IS TRUE FOR THAT WOULD PRACTICALLY END THE WAR.

THE WESTMINSTER GAZETTE, TO-DAY, SAYS THAT KRUGER HAS BEEN CAPTURED NEAR PRETORIA.

Special by Associated Press.  
London, May 31.—The Westminister Gazette says that it is rumored tonight in a quarter likely to be well informed, that President Kruger, has been captured by the Boers six miles beyond Pretoria, from which place he is said to have flown upon the close approach of Roberts' enormous army.

## FORMAL ENTRANCE

Special by Associated Press.  
London, May 31.—The Evening News has a dispatch from Pretoria that Johannesburg has been surrendered to the British.

## THEY LANDED AGAIN.

Special by Associated Press.  
Cape Town, May 31.—The British have occupied Heidelberg on the railroad connecting Johannesburg with the town of Volksrust on Natal frontier near Laing's Nek.

## FIRST Event Augurs Future Success.

## Matinee Club Entertained a Big Crowd in Fine Style.

## The Free for All Pace and Trot Brought Out Two Fast Rivals.

Myrtose French and Honeymoon Making a Brilliant Finish to the Delight of the Audience.

The situation in Lima yesterday was very much like a three-ring circus—it was impossible to see it all, and the dear holiday-loving people had to choose one attraction and regret that in doing so it could not take in the whole show. With decoration day exercises at Hoover's park, races at the fair grounds and base ball at the Fairpark, there was a variation which appealed to all tastes and each attraction drew its proportion of the crowds.

The Matinee racing club which gave its initial event yesterday afternoon, had an attendance of over 1,000. There were nearly 500 paid admissions at the gate, and the fair sex having been invited to both grounds and grand stand free, turned out in large numbers, while the small boy who scorns the ticket seller, was also there in abundance. The managers of the club deserve to be congratulated upon the success of the affair, as the program offered some decidedly interesting events, and there were several finishes of the hair raising order. Considering everything, criticism of any sort would be out of place, and the crowd was good natured enough not to display its impatience when the long waits between the heats caused excitement to grow cold. There was sad need of a field marshal to stir up the tardy drivers, but this defect will be remedied when the club holds its next meeting.

The band from Warnersfield was present to play between the acts, and the boys had ample opportunity to render about all the selections in their repertoire.

The first event was confined strictly to the club and brought four horses into the field to be driven by their respective owners in a green pace. Hal Onward was driven by P. R. Hoagland; Lenny D by H. J. Dean; Gomarrah by F. H. Gould and Maud K by Dr. J. H. Blattenberg. Considering, as the title indicates, that all of the horses were green, there was but little scoring before starter A. A. Scott had them off.

Rat Onward had the pole and stuck to it like a plaster to the end of the circuit. Lenny D gave him a chase for the wire and Gomarrah came up beautifully from a long way back, but Hoagland captured the heat in a manner which declares him to have passed the novice stage.

It looked like the race was already pocketed by Mr. Hoagland but in the second heat he was tricked by Mr. Gould who came up out of the shadows with speed to burn, while Hoagland was taking the measure of Dr. Blattenberg's Maud K. Gomarrah won the heat and the horses were sent to the stable to be groomed for what proved to be the final test.

Opinion was divided among those in the judge's stand as to which of the two horses now considered strictly in it, would win the third heat, and honors were even almost to the wire. Both horses broke several times before the circle was completed, but Gomarrah made a bad ascension just at the finish, and failed to get his feet again in time to overcome the advantage his bed acting had given Hoagland's handsome brown. Following is the summary:

CLUB EVENT—GREEN PACE.  
Hal Onward, Hoagland.....1 2 1  
Gomarrah, Gould.....4 1 2  
Maud K, Blattenberg.....3 3 3  
Lenny D, Dean.....2 4 4  
Time—half mile heats, 1:29; 128½; 1:26½.

The second event was very interesting—the 2:40 trot which brought out three starters, Belle Ferris, Mack No-

lan and Al McCann. Belle Ferris won both heats. Drive Sisson kept her just beyond the danger line in the first and easily took her second away from Mack Nolan. Driver Phillips spoiled several scores by lending the pole horse, and when they did get away, he went up in the air with Mack Nolan and finished a beautiful third.

SUMMARY—2:40 TROT.  
Belle Ferris, J. O. Hover.....1 1  
Mack Nolan, John Lawson.....3 2  
Al McCann, John Crowder.....2 dr

Early in the afternoon black clouds threatening clouds, which let out an occasional boom, began to bank up in the north, and to avoid what was believed to be an approaching storm a number left the grounds. The more venturesome remained and were rewarded with a taste of genuine racing when a fast field lined up for the free for all pace. Myrtose French and Honeymoon were the pick of the bunch and the contest, as predicted, settled down between these two speedy mares. It was a hard field to manage and a lot of unnecessary scoring was done on account of the killing pace set at the start. They came to the wire each time at a two minute gait and the circus act of Harry W would eventually sent them back to the post. Richard had the pole until in the home stretch, when Myrtose French nosed ahead on the outside and driver Phillips, hugging the fence, shoved Honeymoon through the narrow gap. The three horses came home like a whirlwind but Myrtose French had taken the first burst of speed and led under the wire by half a length.

The second heat was fought out between the same two horses, but the finish was marred by Honeymoon's bad break at a moment when the audience was holding its breath.

FREE-FOR-ALL TROT AND PACE.  
Myrtose French, G. W. Curtis.....1 1  
Honeymoon, Phillips & McGee.....2 2  
Richard, Dick Sinclair.....3 4  
Ira Dawson, T. W. Mitchell.....5 3  
Harry W., Ed. Williams.....4 5  
Time—1:11; 1:08½.

The free-for-all trot was a walk over for A. G. from the start. Ella Lee and Freda F. contested the first heat with him, but the last named horse was withdrawn before the before the second. A. G. had third position but Sisson took a wide circuit and cut into the pole not a hundred yards from the wire. From that on it was a splo. In the second Ella Lee made a run of it for a quarter of the circuit and was all but distanced.

FREE-FOR-ALL TROT.  
A. G., G. W. Curtis.....1 1  
Ella Lee, Chas. Fasig.....3 2  
Freda F. Joseph Phillips.....2 dr  
Time—1:12½; 1:15.

Between heats in the last two races Doc Harper's running mare, Eurydice, went a trial quarter in 25 seconds.

## FIVE Persons Were Shot Yesterday.

## Two Were Hurt Fatally in the Trouble Over the Strike.

## One Man was a Block Away From the Scene of the Shooting

## When He Got a Bullet in His Abdomen. Another Was Caught Between the Two Firing Lines.

Special by Associated Press.  
St. Louis, May 31.—It is developed to-day that five persons were shot during the street car troubles yesterday. Thomas Kehoe and Thomas Riley, both union motormen were seriously wounded. Kehoe's injury may be fatal. He was shot in the abdomen. He said he was a block away and took no part in the disturbance. Riley received a bullet near the heart in a pistol battle between several supposed passengers who had left a union car line, and a crowd that pursued them.

## THE WEATHER.

Special by Associated Press.  
Ohio:—Partly cloudy to-night and Friday; probable showers in south to night.

## JOHN Offersto Contribute to the Expense Fund

## If Others Will Meet Him Half Way.

## He Says He Will Go to the National Convention as a Spectator,

But Will Not be a Candidate to Delegate at Large to the Convention. His Offer to Contribute.

Cincinnati, O., May 31.—A special to the Commercial Tribune from Washington says:

John R. McLean had a protracted conference yesterday with Senator Jones, chairman of the democratic national committee; Congressman Bailey and Sulzer and Joseph B. Dowling, of Dayton, O. The subject of the conference was the political situation in general. The gentlemen present urged Mr. McLean to be a delegate from Ohio to the national convention, but Mr. McLean refused to entertain the proposition, saying that under no circumstances would he be a candidate for delegate-at-large. He said he had been honored by the party and he was willing to step aside and allow some of his friends to be honored as well. He said he would be present at the convention, but merely as a spectator.

He would be there only on the day of the convention and would not go to Ohio several days in advance. Mr. McLean is chairman of the committee on ways and means of the national committee. The subject of campaign funds came up, and, turning to Mr. Dowling he said if Dowling would find ten men in Ohio who would contribute he would give ten times as much as their aggregate contribution. Then he asserted that if Mr. Dowling would get one hundred men to contribute he would double the total contribution.

"I was with Mr. McLean an hour or more," said Mr. Dowling last evening. "We discussed the Ohio situation thoroughly. I asked him whom he wanted to go as delegates-at-large and he replied that naturally he did not want his enemies to go.

"Whom do you think of as a candidate?" he asked me.

"I told him there was Charles Baker in Cincinnati and McLean agreed with me that Baker would be a good man. Then I mentioned Welty, of Canton, and he agreed that Welty ought to go. I mentioned George Hull and General Sherwood up in the Toledo district, and he said any of the two would suit him. Then I asked him whether he thought Colonel Kilbourne or John J. Lentz should be selected from the Columbus district, and he said either would suit him, but he thought it ought to go to the man who had the district delegates behind him."

## 750 MEN Will Work for the New Company

## Sold Under Orders of the Court.

## The Reorganization of the Hall- Herring-Marvin Safe Company Will be a Big Thing for the Town of Hamilton.

Special by Associated Press.  
Cincinnati, May 31.—The Herring Hall Marvin safe company's property at Hamilton, O., was sold here to-day by order of the U. S. court to W. F. Drummond, representing the reorganization committee, for one hundred thousand dollars, the purchasers giving bond to pay all liens, and claims recognized by the court. The safe works will be put in operation with 750 men.



## LEADER OF THE BOERS.

How General Louis Botha Came to the Front.

## POSSESSOR OF GREAT ENERGY.

Beloved by His Men. He is With Them in Battle, if Possible a Little in Front—At Pieter's Heights He Fought Shoulder to Shoulder With Them in the Trenches.

Unbiased news giving any adequate idea of matters and feeling in the Transvaal itself seldom appears in the English newspapers. But by the last month Douglas Story has enabled the London Daily Mail to make an interesting exception to this rule. A strong Boer sympathizer, he writes nevertheless with fairness that is generally lacking in the English war correspondents' articles. Under date of Pretoria Mr. Story says:

"Reputations have been lost and won here in the Transvaal since Oct. 11 last. Old leaders of the people have had to yield place to younger men, and military genius has been discovered in the least suspected quarters. As leaders and as fighting men the younger generation have given the best to the service of the republics. In battle they have proved the most obedient and the most trustworthy, in council the most thoughtful and far-sighted.

"In a young man of 35 the two states have placed all their trust. Six months ago Louis Botha was esteemed as an honest man and a gentleman, as a progressive member of the First Volksraad and as a member of the Zulu marches. An eloquent speaker in Dutch and in English and the happy possessor of an indubitable personal charm, he was marked out for a brilliant political career. He was untried and wholly ignorant of his own strength.

"In the battlefield it was different. Modesty is there high treason, and Louis Botha is no traitor. It was he who, along with old Gert de Jaager, led the people at Dundee. Had his promised support been forthcoming, General Symons would then have been surrounded. Two days later, had his plan been adopted, General Buller would have been intercepted in his magnificent march from Dundee to Ladysmith. But Louis Botha was still but a commandant, and his 11 days' experience of warfare was inadequate to secure the abandonment of traditional tactics by his fellow commanders.

"It was his military genius, however, that designed the battle of Rietfontein on Oct. 28, when Sir George White's main column was drawn into a cross fire, his left driven back in disorder and his right captured entire at Nicholson's Nek. Louis Botha's right to speak was now unchallenged in the 'Krugersdorp'. His years of inexperience had been wiped out by three weeks of experiment in the field. Still he was unable to secure the institution of the more active tactics he advocated against Ladysmith. The old man of the war council bade him go easily, trust in Providence more and in human endeavor less. So, perforce, he had to sit down with the others on the hills overlooking Ladysmith, waiting for a miracle to deliver it into their hands.

"Common sense, energetically applied, makes an excellent substitute for military brilliance in the field. Louis Botha possesses the common sense, and energy is the very essence of his being. Where his men are he is, if possible a little in front. On the Tregella he superintended the blowing up of the pontoons with 20 men as his companions in the presence of many thousands of the enemy. At Pieter's Heights he fought shoulder to shoulder with his men in the trenches and for the last four days and nights never closed his eyes in sleep.

"The Boers have little patience with the man who does not succeed and none with the man who fails. Joubert's brilliance has dimmed, and Cronje has been snuffed out as a farthing clip. Cronje was unique among the Transvaal generals. He alone ruled by fear. A silent man, with stooped shoulders and hard, hunter's eyes, men were never attracted to him as they were to Louis Botha and Louis Botha. Whip always in hand, he stood over them as a harsh schoolmaster stands over his boys in school. No week kneed burgler ever came to Cronje for leave to go home. At Paardeberg he had no ambulance, refused Lord Roberts' offer to relieve him of his wounded and preferred to have his hurts dressed with tobacco leaf to accepting a favor at his enemy's hands. Had Cronje's pride permitted him to tell the truth an attempt would have been made to relieve him by the Free State generals, De Wet and De la Rey, but he would neither seek aid nor abandon his warriors. Grim old hunter, he stuck to his post to the end."

Growing young at the age of 100. Norman Hallings of Deer Isle is 100 years old. He exhibits indications of returning vigor that are considered marvellous. His eyesight for years was so feeble that he had to use the strongest of glasses, and now he does not use spectacles even to read. He goes about without the use of any cane, his lameness and stiffness entirely gone. The most remarkable evidence of returning youth, according to the Lewiston Evening Journal's Bar Harbor (Me.) correspondent, is in his hair. Years ago Mr. Hallings' hair began to fall out and gradually fell out altogether, he becoming entirely bald. In the last few months his hair has started to grow, and he says he is certainly growing young again and feels as young now as at 75 years.

## No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

## Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents

## AN OUTING AT THE OCEAN.

Seashore Excursion via Pennsylvania Lines Will be Run August 9th.

The annual low rate excursion to the seashore will be run via Pennsylvania Lines Thursday, August 9th. On that date reduced fare tickets will be sold to Atlantic City, Cape May, Annapolis, Avalon, Holy Beach, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Wildwood, New Jersey, Rehoboth, Del., and Ocean City, Md.

The round trip from Lima, Ohio will be \$14.00 to either of the resorts mentioned, which constitute the most popular summer havens along the Atlantic Coast.

No more enjoyable vacation outing can be planned than a visit to the seashore in mid summer. Arrangements may be made for participating in the pleasures offered by this excursion by communicating with ticket agent, Lima, Ohio.

Deafness Cannot be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Halls Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists. 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Excursions to Akron via Pennsylvania Lines and C. & A. C. Railway. The Sunday School Association of Ohio will convene June 30th at Akron. Low rate excursion tickets will be sold June 4th and 5th via Pennsylvania Lines and C. & A. C. Railway, valid returning not later than Friday, June 30th.

## A Fast Bicycle Rider

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Ulcers and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, corner Main and North sts.

The average woman is so conscientious that she tells her husband all that she has done that might offend him, and then feels better satisfied with herself in his anger than in his happy ignorance.

## An Epidemic of Whooping Cough.

Last winter during an epidemic of whooping cough my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for cough and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure.—John E. Clifford, proprietor Norwood house, Norwood, N. Y. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

## Excursions to Des Moines, Iowa, via Pennsylvania Lines.

June 17th to 21st, inclusive, account Annual Convention Music Teachers' Association, tickets at reduced rates will be sold to Des Moines, Iowa, from Pennsylvania Lines ticket stations, valid returning Saturday, June 23d, inclusive.

## A Keen Clear Brain.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your stomach and liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, corner Main and North sts.

The old fashioned woman used to point to her soft soap to illustrate her economy, but the modern woman points to three dozen chicken quettes she made out of one drumstick.

## HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

A. A. FEVERS, Lung Fever, Milk Fever, C. C. SPRAINS, Lameness, Rheumatism, C. C. EPIZOOTIC, Distemper, B. B. WORMS, Bot, Grains, C. C. COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, F. F. COLIC, Bell's Palsy, Diarrhea, G. G. PRESENT MISCARRIAGE, H. H. KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS, I. I. MANGE, Skin Diseases, J. J. BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, K. K. Stable Cough, Ten Species, Book, etc., at druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Veterinary Specifics, C. C. Williams & John S. Johnson, New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

## NERVOUS DEBILITY, VITAL WEAKNESS

and Prostration from Overwork or other causes. Humphreys' Homeopathic Specifics No. 23, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy. \$1 per vial, or 5 vials and 10 vials, for \$5. Each vial contains 100 drops of pure medicine. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

## POSTOFFICES IN CUBA.

How the Seed of the American System Was Sown There.

## BAILIANT SERVICES OF A CIVILIAN

Heroic and Successful Methods Adopted by the Late Eben Brewer to Supply Our Soldiers With Their Mail During the Spanish-American War—Monument For His Grave.

The recently developed postoffice scandals in Cuba show how rapidly rank weeds may thrive and for a time threaten well sown plants in that tropical country, says John R. Rathorn in the Chicago Times-Herald. It is refreshing to turn for a little while from the unsavory details of the plucking of the weeds back two brief years to the days of misery, sickness and death, when the good seed of the American postoffice service in Cuba was planted—planted by a brave and honest gentleman who gave up his life that it should be sown deep and well.

One night in the end of June, 1898, a few days after the American army of invasion had landed in Cuba, the southern part of the island was visited by a terrific rain and thunder storm. The base of supplies had then been changed from Balquitr to Siboney, 12 miles west. The narrow mountainous trail that led from one place to the other was rough and precipitous under the best conditions. Soaked in torrents of rain that tore great holes all through it, it became a quagmire of mud, full of treacherous water pools and lumps of solid rock.

The 15,000 American soldiers scattered all the way along the country from Siboney to the plain at the foot of San Juan hill, expecting as their right a paternalism that no other soldiers in the world under similar circumstances would have dreamed of, began to ask for "mail." They talked about the probability of getting letters and newspapers as if they were living on a boulevard of a big American city. There was, however, some excuse for their seeming presumption. Before the army had been landed 21 hours thousands of them had seen and anxiously taken the measure of a big good natured civilian who had come down with the newspaper correspondents on the steamer Olivette. He was Eben Brewer, the special commissioner of the United States government accompanying the troops in the interests of the postoffice department.

Almost before the first scanty meal had been eaten ashore he began his work. To the newspaper men he was brief and to the point. "Tell every soldier you see that if he wants to write a word home to his folks in the United States before we march on to Santiago I'll guarantee the letter reaches its address." This men were amazed when they heard the welcome news. The transport service had failed, and every one knew that commissaries and officers of 30 summers or thereabout had seen that his high artillery had been hauled into the holds of some of the ships on top of tobacco, hard tack and bacon. There was confusion everywhere. But here was one man, alone and unaided, who had burst the bonds of red tape and who talked of commanding a navy dispatch boat and sending it back home loaded with goodly letters as if he were a dozen admirals rolled into one. They began to like Brewer.

He kept his word, and they liked him better. Thousands of letters were placed in his care on that first day of landing, and by sheer hammering, threatening, cajoling and bull headed pluck he did get a dispatch boat to act as his carrier. Admiral Sampson ridiculed the idea—the United States ships had more weighty business on hand than carrying soldiers' scrawls to their sweethearts. Finally, however, Admiral Sampson threw up his hands and gave his consent. The first boat that went back to the United States took Brewer's mail with it.

But that was not all. He had ascertained that some delayed transports were on their way down to the island, and he knew that many sacks of letters and papers were aboard for the troops. Before the dispatch boat was hauled down on its way north with letters home he came to the correspondents again. "I'm going back to Balquitr," he said. "I'll have a money order office there in a week, and in three days you will be able to buy all the stamps you want. The mail that is coming down I'll get out to the front one way or another. Tell the men that if letters come they'll get them somehow."

So Brewer went back to Balquitr, and the news spread like wildfire at the front that mail was coming. Thousands of men had left Tampa without hearing from home, so uncertain had been the date of sailing. Many were in mental anguish over some half completed correspondence—an impending death or some heart-breaking still, an impending birth—and a hundred other sacred family matters that were all veiled in doubt and tears "back in the States."

In an enemy's country, with battles to fight and graves to dig, men read one another quickly. The soldiers knew the condition of the trails, knew that every palm tree on the road to the front might hold a Spanish sharpshooter and that a mule was almost worth its weight in silver. But they thought they knew Brewer, and they looked for some heroic effort that would overcome the difficulties and bring them their letters. On that June night, at about 11 o'clock, four correspondents were huddled together in a tent near the beach at Siboney. Outside in the dark darkness the rain was descending literally in sheets, and the thunder peals were

deafening. Suddenly there came through the noise of the elements a creaking of rough wheels, a tramp of hoofs and a rattle of chains. Somebody, a drenched and bedraggled figure wrapped in a poncho, lifted the flap of the tent and walked in. It was Brewer.

"Can't stay a minute, boys. I saw your light and just looked in to tell you that I've got it all here in a wagon."

"Got what?"

"Why, the U. S. mail—14 sacks. I'm going to throw it in somewhere under shelter."

Nobody said very much. Certainly nobody told Brewer what he really thought. Outside in the pouring night was a span of mules hitched to a Cuban pole cart that was loaded down with mail. Brewer, with the aid of two Cubans who had only been prevailed upon to accompany him by a prominently displayed revolver, had by desperate labor and infinite patience brought the wagon with its load up and down that mountain trail from Balquitr over as bad a roadway as ever mortal man guided a four footed animal through and in a blinding storm that people housed in safety might tremble to hear.

Twenty-four hours later his wagon, with the letters sorted into some kind of shape, was toiling on to the front, and for days this devoted man, with no superior to spur him on and nothing but his own conscience to give him balm for his exertions, worked like a slave among the troops, just to keep his promise and to let men see that the United States postoffice could conduct its business in the face of shot and shell and meet any emergency that might confront it.

There is not much more to tell about it. Brewer, scattering a little food here and there, sleeping in wet trenches, delivering his mail at all hazards, sometimes to men wounded and dying, never finally broke. He was taken back from the front in the same old cart in which he had transported his letters there and in a week was down with yellow fever. Six days later he was dead. They buried him on a little hill not a dozen yards from the old Balquitr trail. American postoffice employees, by special permission of the president, are now subscribing funds for a monument to his memory, and from the postmaster general down they are eager and anxious to make it an enduring and beautiful shaft—a fitting tribute to a gallant man whose devotion led him, smiling and unflinching, into his grave.

That was the way the seed of the American postoffice system was sown in Cuba.

## FAMOUS TAPESTRIES.

New Series That Will Adorn New York's Unfinished Cathedral. The witty assertion that "the United States has no ruins and imports its curiosities" finds some verification these days in the crypt of St. John the Divine, the Protestant Episcopal cathedral now in process of erection on Morningside heights, in New York.

The crypt was opened more than a year ago to Sunday service, and its walls hung with two of a series of 12 famous tapestries destined for the mural decoration of the completed cathedral. As no work on tapestry is considered complete without a description of these new possessions, the story of their coming to St. John the Divine is not without interest, says Harper's Weekly.

The subject of the series is "Scenes From the Life of Christ." The "Visit of the Wise Men" and "The Resurrection" are the subjects of the tapestries now hanging in the crypt. The "Last Supper" having recently been removed to make way for the altar. The remainder of the series is in storage to await the completion of the cathedral, for which they were bought at a cost of \$75,000, and bequeathed to the late Mrs. Elizabeth U. Coles.

As the completion of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine will not be witnessed by the present generation, these famous tapestries are liable to be as inaccessible to the eye of the new as they were for half a century to that of the old world unless it please the authorities to replace those now in the crypt from time to time by the pieces in storage until the whole series has been exhibited. Excepting, perhaps, the tapestries commemorating the history of Urban VIII, "Scenes From the Life of Christ" are the most important weaves extant that bear witness to the prosperity of the papal tapestry manufactory that flourished at Rome for 50 years under the patronage of Urban.

Harvard's New Scholarship. A fund to yield \$800 a year to found a classical scholarship has been given to Harvard. James Loeb, '88, of New York is the donor, and the prize is to be known as the Norton fellowship, in honor of Professor Charles Eliot Norton, says a Cambridge dispatch to the New York Times. In making the gift Mr. Loeb writes that it is in order to record in a fitting manner the eminent services which Professor Norton has rendered the cause of archaeology and his prominence in the Archaeological Institute of America and the American School of Classical Studies at Athens. The fellowship will be awarded for the first time next year. The list of subjects has been announced.

The New Giraffe. A popular silk giraffe is made of satin or silk ribbon and is about four inches wide at the back, sloping to two inches at each end, where is fastened a stout ring. The rings do not meet in front. They are about three inches apart and are drawn together in a quite novel way by ribbons of the color of the belt, fastened to each ring and passed from one through the other, pulled tight, of course, and tied together. This belt is braced in the back by bones incased in the lining—Harper's Bazar.

## Does Coffee Agree With You?

If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it, but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee. It is nourishing and feeds the system. The children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strongest, healthful substance of pure grains. Get a package today from your grocer, follow the directions in making it and you will have a delicious and nourishing beverage for old and young. 10c and 50c."

## Republican National Convention Excursions via Pennsylvania Lines.

June 18th at Philadelphia, Pa., will assemble delegates from all sections of the United States to nominate a candidate for President. Excursion tickets will be sold June 14th to 18th inclusive, via Pennsylvania Lines to Philadelphia; valid returning, June 20th.

Science has found that rheumatism is caused by uric acid in the blood. This poison should be excreted by the kidneys. Foley's Kidney Cure makes them well.

H. F. Vorkamp, corner Main and North streets.

When a woman makes a hall seat by effectively covering an old trunk with a piece of Turkish drapery, and putting a cushion on it, she is said by other women to be artistic.

I consider it not only a pleasure but a duty I owe to my neighbors to tell about the wonderful cure effected in my case by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I was taken very badly with flux and procured a bottle of this remedy. A few doses of it effected a permanent cure. I take pleasure in recommending it to others suffering from that dreadful disease.—J. W. Lynch, Dor, Va. This remedy is sold by all druggists.

There may have been the usual sprinkling of romance in the marriage of those you know who have lived and quarreled together for twenty years, but it is hard to believe it.

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frostbites, quinsy, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price, 25 and 50 cts. For sale by all druggists.

Mrs. Lyander John Appleton has notified her friends not to expect her at clubs, parties or receptions on Tuesdays, Thursdays or Saturdays, as those are the days when she takes a pill.

## CASTORIA.

Beware the Signature. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

When a man of seventy-five does wrong, his women folks recall that he once fell out of a high chair when he was a baby, and that the fall has undoubtedly resulted in an attack of insanity.

## A Woman's Awful Peril.

"This is my only chance to save my life and that is through an operation," were the startling words heard by Mrs. J. B. Hunt, of Lima Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters, which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50c. Guaranteed. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, corner Main and North sts.

## To Niagara Falls.

One of the most enjoyable and popular excursions of the season will be via the C. H. & D. Ry. to Niagara Falls on August 9th. Same rates as were in effect last year. Details can be had from any C. H. & D. agent.

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The ancients believed that rheumatism was the work of a demon within a man. Any one who has had an attack of sciatic or inflammatory rheumatism will agree that the indication is demonic enough to warrant the belief. It has never been claimed that Chamberlain's Pain Balm would cast out demons, but it will cure rheumatism, and hundreds bear testimony to the truth of this statement. One application relieves the pain, and this quick relief which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by all druggists.

America's finest distillation of Pure Rye Whiskey, is Mt. Vernon. For sale at the California Wine Co. 71-6f

## CASTORIA.

Beware the Signature. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

The only time rubber necking is excusable in a man is when his wife appears in new clothes.

"I had a bad running sore on my breast for over a year," says Henry H. Richards of Wilkesville, N. Y., "and tried a great many remedies, but got no relief until I used Chamberlain's Salve. After using one half box, I was perfectly cured. I cannot recommend it too highly, and will never be without it in the house."

H. F. Vorkamp, corner Main and North streets.

The happiest married people are those who live furthest away from their or her relatives. The couple living next door to "home" with a gate and the fence between, starts out as badly handicapped as if they had a relative living with them. The tendency of a woman to worship her family and the family relation causes more discord in a home than drunkenness. The young couples living next door to "home" should nail up the gate if they can't afford to move.

## WATER WORKS.

All persons wanting water turned on, will please present or send their written order, giving the street number of the house and number of the lot. Without this information in the office we find it impossible to locate and regulate all service connections.

By order of trustees.

23w. J. O. STOUT, Secy.

SOUND advice to those who have kidney and bladder troubles, is to take a safe, sure medicine like Foley's Kidney Cure. It always benefits the KIDNEYS.

H. F. Vorkamp, corner Main and North streets.

We have often wondered what the little cups are for that stand on a table in a woman's parlor, and have found out at last; they are to make something more to dust.

## TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. Your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smelly feet or aching feet, Allen's Foot-Ease, it cures the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen, aching feet, itchy, burning, itching, and all other foot troubles. It is a sure cure for all foot troubles. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. For making FREE, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Lowell, N. Y.

## Broken Brio-a-Bracs.

Mr. Major, the famous comic man of New York, explains some very interesting facts about Major's Cement.

The multitudes who use this standard article know that it is many hundred per cent. better than other cements for which they have paid a high price. The simple reason is that Mr. Major uses the best materials ever used in the manufacture of cement. He does not use cheap, inferior materials, as do most others, because they are too expensive and do not allow large profits. Mr. Major's cement costs \$3.75 a barrel, and another \$2.25 a gallon, while a large share of the cheap cements are sold at 10c per barrel and 10c per gallon. Mr. Major's cement is a thing more than sixteen cents per barrel, and is sold at 10c per barrel and 10c per gallon. It is sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. For making FREE, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Lowell, N. Y.

## Legal Notice.

Charles H. Wittke, residing in Rochester, New York, and Ellen Hunt, of Lima, Ohio, who are the parties to a certain contract, hereby give notice that they have agreed to sell the same to the City of Lima, Ohio, for the sum of \$100.00, and that the same shall be sold to the City of Lima, Ohio, on the 1st day of July, 1900, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the City Hall, in Lima, Ohio.

## Notice of Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been presented to the City Council of Lima, Ohio, for the vacation of a public highway known as Spring Alley, running east and west, and about 100 feet wide, more or less, and located on the corner of Spring Alley and Main Street, in the City of Lima, Ohio. Said petition was presented to the City Council of Lima, Ohio, on the 28th day of May, 1900, and is now on file in the City Clerk's office. Any person who has any objection to the vacation of said alley, or who desires to be heard in support of the petition, should appear before the City Council of Lima, Ohio, on the 1st day of July, 1900, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the City Hall, in Lima, Ohio, and be heard in support of the petition. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

By order of Council. C. E. LYNN, City Clerk.

## Receiver's Sale.

I, G. A. Metheny, the duly appointed, acting and qualified receiver for the business operated by H. B. Shutt, will offer at public sale, on the 1st day of June, 1900, at the City of Lima, Ohio, all the property of said business, to-wit: a lot of land in the City of Lima, Ohio, containing 1.00 acre, more or less, and situated on the corner of Spring Alley and Main Street, in the City of Lima, Ohio, and all the fixtures and contents of said lot, and all the other property of said business, to-wit: a lot of land in the City of Lima, Ohio, containing 1.00 acre, more or less, and situated on the corner of Spring Alley and Main Street, in the City of Lima, Ohio, and all the fixtures and contents of said lot, and all the other property of said business, to-wit: a lot of land in the City of Lima, Ohio, containing 1.00 acre, more or less, and situated on the corner of Spring Alley and Main Street, in the City of Lima, Ohio, and all the fixtures and contents of said lot, and all the other property of said business, to-wit: a lot of land in the City of Lima, Ohio, containing 1.00 acre, more or 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## THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,  
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.  
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.IN THE  
TIMES-DEMOCRAT

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The Democratic State Convention of Ohio, will be held in the City of Columbus, Ohio, on June 12th and 13th, 1900, for the purpose of selecting four delegates-at-large to the Democratic National Convention to be held at Kansas City, Mo., July 3rd, 1900—also to nominate two presidential electors-at-large for the state of Ohio, and to nominate candidates for the following state offices:

Secretary of State.  
Judge of Supreme Court.  
Dairy and Food Commissioner.  
Commissioner of Common Schools.  
Member of Board of Public Works.

The basis of representation of delegates and alternates to this convention shall be one delegate and one alternate for each 500 votes or fraction of 250 cast for Hon. John R. McLean for governor in 1898.

All electors who voted for Hon. John R. McLean for governor, and all other electors who intend to support the Democratic nominees in 1899, are entitled to take part in the election of delegates to this convention.

All delegates and alternates to this convention elected after May 31st, 1900, shall be chosen in such manner as may be designated, by the Democratic county central or controlling committee of each county.

No mass delegations to be admitted. The counties in this congressional district shall be entitled to the following number of delegates and alternates:

Allen county, 4561..... 9  
Auglaize county, 4019..... 8  
Darke county, 3628..... 7  
Mercer county, 3597..... 7  
Shelby county, 3595..... 7

The County Central Committee of each county of the state, where delegates are not yet selected, shall reaffirm this call. As to Cuyahoga county delegates—we recognize and designate the committee recognized by the last Democratic state convention at Zanesville in 1898. A. J. Grimsley, chairman, as the only proper Democratic committee in Cuyahoga county, with authority to arrange for the selection of Cuyahoga county's delegates to the coming state and other conventions, during their legal term of office.

WM. S. THOMAS, Chairman.  
LOUIS REEMELIN, Secretary.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The democrats of the Thirty-Second Senatorial district will meet in delegate convention at Van Wert, Ohio, on

TUESDAY, JUNE 5, 1900.

At ten o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of nominating a candidate for member of the State Board of Equalization. The basis of representation in said convention will be one delegate for every 100 votes cast for Hon. John R. McLean for governor in 1898, and one delegate for every fraction of 50 votes or over so cast. Under this apportionment the several counties composing the district will have the following vote in the convention:

County.	Delegates.
Allen	9
Auglaize	8
Darke	7
Mercer	7
Shelby	7
Van Wert	2
Williams	2

Necessary to a quorum—125  
By order of committee.  
W. N. SAWYER, Secy.

Geo. W. KOEHL, Chairman.

## THE BANNER REPUBLICAN STATE IN THE UNION.

Under the head of "An Appalling List of Crimes" the Philadelphia Press recently printed the following terrible recital:

"While the past few months the people of Pennsylvania have been treated to a series of events growing out of political conditions which cannot fail to cause sober reflection. Some of these are local and some general, but all are of a character to bring humiliation to every citizen of the state.

These events include not alone the attempt of the director of public safety of this city to stifle the expression of public opinion by means of official blackmail; they embrace the ballot box frauds, the flight of an ex-member of the legislature to save himself from conviction and prison; the conviction and sentence of a former United States district attorney, with a machine favorite for judicial office, on charges of bribery; the conviction and sentence of election officers in one of the wards in this city; the criminal attempt to impose upon the receiver of taxes 20,000 or more fraudulent orders for tax receipts; the attempt to bribe a jury in the United States court in the Ingham case; the oleomargarine frauds, exposing the inefficiency and corruption in the state agricultural department, confessed by the enforced retirement of the chief of the food and dairy commission; the criminal leakage in the state printing office, through which medical examination questions were obtained in advance; the conviction of several members of the Shamokin borough council for bribery, and the proceedings against a number of Scranton councilmen on a similar charge; the flight of the Lancaster county treasurer, with \$60,000 of the people's money.

These things, and others less conspicuous, but not less criminal, have all come before the people within the past half year. They furnish reason for earnest reflection on the part of every intelligent and conscientious citizen of Pennsylvania who has regard for the good name of the commonwealth and who is capable of feeling the shame with which widespread political crimes afflict it. The most of these events are directly due to the native purposes of that criminal combination known as the machine; the others are due to the low and depraved political methods which have been cultivated by the machine.

These methods are sure to continue and permeate the official and political life of the state as long as Quayism is permitted to have an influence."

To which the Record adds the following postscript:

"The Press is not altogether fair in dubbing the terrible picture it paints 'Quayism.' Quay did not create the condition that exists in the political affairs of Pennsylvania. He found it ripe and ready to his hand when he fell heir to the leadership. It is 'Republicanism,' and if Quay should die tomorrow the rottenness would remain and dominate and disgrace city and state on the day after as it did the day before."

WHAT TRUSTS ARE DOING.

People generally are feeling the effects of the trust movement and it is interesting most people through their pocketbooks. While the price of nearly everything we buy is increased, there is no corresponding increase in wages, and the effect on the cost of living is the same as a reduction in wages would be. To what extent the people are affected by the trusts is well explained in the following from the Dry Goods Economist of May 26:

In a general way everyone has realized that the multiplication of trusts during the past few years has resulted in throwing out of employment more or less trained labor. We are hardly prepared, however, for the enormous figures which this represents in certain branches of business. The New York Times is authority for the statement that since the concentration of mercantile and commercial industries into trusts, 350,000 commercial travelers have been thrown out of employment. This represents a saving to these trusts in salaries alone of \$3,000,000 per day. It is stated on equally good authority that a like amount is saved by the consequent withholding of advertising patronage from the general paper press. These figures are almost staggering, and we do not wonder that the American people grow indignant when they stop to think that this saving of \$6,000,000 per day adds just so much to the revenue of the already multi-millionaire. Three hundred and fifty thousand men thrown out of employment! Think of



"DIS AM A QUEER ROAD, SURE 'NUFF."  
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

the discouragement, trial and even privation which this represents. If it were an economy for the general good of the whole, that would be another thing, but instead we must own up to the fact that the millions which are made by this reduction in expense are simply food for the giant octopus, which is now assuming formidable proportions.

It is all right for the Administration to run after the Cuban postoffice thieves but that doesn't excuse it for making the appointments. They were known to be "on the make" when they were appointed. An Indiana politician demanded the place for Neely because Neely was in hard luck and "up against it." So it was pull and not desert that got him his place. The administration didn't steal but it sent a fellow there that it knew might steal; now let it bear the disgrace. And reaching after the scallawags will not clear it although that is better than doing nothing. It will be time enough to raise the pressure when the punishment has been given to the rascals.—Delphos Courier (Rep.)

In spite of the fact that travel to Cape Nome has been invited and stimulated to an unexampled degree this year, it is practically certain that none of this summer's new comers will be enabled to locate claims in the gold bearing sands which extend for ten miles along the beach. This work was all done last winter by men already on the ground, and intending prospectors must either go farther, inland or take chances in the new courts which will soon be established in the territory. Trouble is inevitable at Nome City during the coming open season, since not less than 25,000 men will swarm into the new mining camp, only to find the gold field closed against them.

FARMERS' PROSPERITY.

They Hear a Lot About It, But It Has Not Reached Them.

There is not a single occupation, business or profession to which is not attached by the Republican organs the label "prosperity." Every individual man knows better than the statisticians whether he is prosperous or not, and it is useless to expect an aggregation of individuals to loudly express thanks for prosperity when they do not come up to the label.

The notion has been going about that the farmers are afflicted with "astounding prosperity" simply because prices of farm products have in the last two or three years partly recovered from the low level they reached in some previous years. Now, the farmer ought to know, and the records of mortgages in the various county clerks' and recorders' offices demonstrate the fact that all these increased receipts, if anybody can show a bank account demonstrating any increase, are more than absorbed by the increased price he must pay for everything for which the farmer exchanges his produce. He must pay tribute to the trust, and no better illustration of the truth of this can be made than in the case of the American Steel company. Six thousand men were thrown out of employment because of the lack of demand for implements which the farmers could not purchase because of their high price. If there was so much prosperity, why could not the farmer afford to purchase the necessary implements?

The fact is that a heavy impost is laid upon nearly everything the farmer needs in his household and in his business, while the prices of his own products are at the mercy of speculators, combine, corners, etc. The farmer has to meet the world's price in disposing of his product, but he encounters a different state of things when he comes to purchase for himself. The range of price set up by the speculators is artificial, and what they gain in the speculative market they pocket. What they lose they mercilessly force the farmer to pay by an increase of prices in manufactures.

This seeming prosperity will be discovered the more you look behind it to be a myth, and although the misfortunes of the rest of the earth have enabled the farmer to dispose of more of his products than formerly still there are combinations to be broken down, trusts to be abolished and the financial system eliminated before the farmer can really say that a period of prosperity has been inaugurated.

How much of the enormous balance of trade in our favor has reached the farmer? Has he been enabled to reduce his mortgages by payment of the principal or even to pay the interest in full without securing an extension of time? Are his wife and children better dressed, is his farm in a more flourishing condition, has he purchased any new carpets, curtains, furniture, for his household? Is he enabled to employ more help to relieve his aching bones and those of his wife and children from the arduous labor they continually undergo to save their homes from the jaws of the mortgagee?

We throw out, and the proof of it is that beyond the mere means of existence whatever he makes or earns must go into the ever expanding tax mill which is grinding him into poverty when he is not paying into the trusts and combines.

But, soberly, it is now no child's play to save the principles of Jefferson from total overthrow in this nation. This is a world of compensation, and he who would be no slave must consent to have no slaves. Those who deny freedom to others deserve it not for themselves and, under a just God, cannot long retain it.—Abraham Lincoln.

BRYAN AND M'KINLEY.

A Comparison of the Leaders of the Two Great Parties.

Both Mr. Bryan and Mr. McKinley are better known than they were four years ago. The net result is that the people know where to find Mr. Bryan and they do not know where to find Mr. McKinley. There lies the difference between the statesman and the politician.

Something more is demanded in a president of the United States than to be a weather vane pointing whithersoever the breeze of the moment blithely, something more than an instrument to carry out the bidding of personal ambition or corporate interest, something more than a puer of party debts. A mere politician may be all these things and account himself successful, but a statesman must have principles and abide by them.

Tested by this standard, Mr. McKinley is found sadly wanting. He was a bimetalist until he was tempted by a gold standard nomination for the presidency. He was a high priest of high tariff, but expediency has caused him to seek to crush our home industries by so-called "reciprocity" treaties. He wavered in his imperialism until the protected interests demanded a government without the consent of the governed. He accepted the constitution of the United States, declared that it is "our plain duty" to extend free trade to Porto Rico; then at the command of the same protected interests he set the unhappy island outside of the constitution and advocated a tariff against it. Nobody can say where Mr. McKinley will stand tomorrow on any essential issue.

Mr. Bryan stands just where he stood four years ago. On the issues that have come up since that time he has taken the side of the people in interests of justice and humanity, and having once taken a position based upon principle he maintains it against all odds and against all temptations.—Los Angeles Herald.

Plague at Smyrna.

Washington, May 31.—Secretary Hay received a cable message from Consul Lane at Smyrna saying that the plague has made its appearance at that port.

## MAGAZINES FOR JUNE.

Facts About the Increasing Size of American Locomotives.

ELECTRICITY WITHOUT WIRES.

The Possibility of Communicating With the Nearest Planets—Pen Picture of the Christ of the Passion Play—Casting Without Wires—The Passion Play's Earnings.

Perhaps it is not wise to make any prophecy as to how the steam locomotive will have developed by the year 1905, and it is certainly best not to go beyond that year, for if the present rate of growth be maintained it must soon result in some radical changes in design which cannot now be imagined, says William Forsyth in Cassell's Magazine for June.

We may, however, make a natural extension of the lines of growth of the past 40 years and consider briefly the maximum limits to which they will lead us in the year 1905. The freight engine only will be taken, as this class is already the largest, except in the diameter of driving wheels. The cylinder volume of simple freight engines would be 10 cubic feet and require a cylinder equal to 25 inches in diameter and 30 inches stroke. The boiler pressure would reach 250 pounds, which is not unlikely, and it is probable that in the next five years it will be increased to 300 pounds.

The grate area also will doubtless increase more rapidly in the next five years than it has since 1855. The practice is growing of extending the fire box beyond the frame a moderate distance as a compromise between the very wide Wootton boxes, 8 feet wide, and the narrow ones flush with frames, which are only 3½ feet wide. It is likely that in the future fire boxes 5 and 6 feet wide will be more generally used, and with these the grate area will be from 40 to 60 square feet.

The tractive power of freight engines would, in 1905, reach 70,000 pounds and require a weight on drivers of 250,000 pounds, with a total engine weight of 311,000 pounds. With the Consolidation type the weight per wheel would then be 35,000 pounds, or two and a half times the old limits of 1855.

The total heating surface of the boiler would reach 4,000 square feet and call for a very large boiler if the present arrangement of heating surface continued. It is quite probable that as possible limits of width, height and weight are reached some change will be made in locomotive boilers so as to include some features of water tube boilers. In this way increased heating surface may be obtained without further increase in size and weight. It may be also that automatic stokers will be successfully adapted to locomotive requirements, and when such changes occur the locomotive will present a different appearance from that with which we have become familiar.

Writing in the June Century, Nikola Tesla makes an interesting prediction as to the transmission of electric power without the use of wires:

"While I have not as yet actually effected a transmission of a considerable amount of energy, such as would be of industrial importance, to a great distance by this new method, I have operated several model plants under exactly the same conditions which will exist in a large plant of this kind, and the practicability of the system is thoroughly demonstrated. The experiments have shown conclusively that with two terminals maintained at an elevation of not more than 30,000 to 35,000 feet above sea level and with an electrical pressure of 15,000,000 to 20,000,000 volts the energy of thousands of horsepower can be transmitted over distances which may be hundreds and thousands of miles. I am hopeful, however, that I may be able to reduce very considerably the elevation of the terminals now required, and with this object I am following up an idea which promises such a realization. There is of course a popular prejudice against using an electrical pressure of millions of volts, which may cause sparks to fly at distances of hundreds of feet; but, paradoxical as it may seem, the system, as I have described it in a technical publication, offers greater personal safety than most of the ordinary distribution circuits now used in the cities. This is in a measure borne out by the fact that although I have carried on such experiments for a number of years no injury has been sustained either by me or any of my assistants.

"From that moment when it was observed that, contrary to the established opinion, low and easily accessible strata of the atmosphere are capable of conducting electricity the transmission of electrical energy without wires has become a rational task of the engineers and one surpassing all others in importance. Its practical consummation would mean that energy would be available for the uses of man at any point of the globe, not in small amounts such as might be derived from the ambient medium by suitable machinery, but in quantities virtually unlimited from waterfalls. Export of power would then become the chief source of income for many happily situated countries, as the United States, Canada, Central and South America, Switzerland and Sweden. Men could settle down everywhere, fertilize and irrigate the soil with little effort, and thus the entire globe could be transformed and made a fitter abode for mankind. It is highly probable that if there are intelligent beings on Mars they have long ago realized this very idea, which would explain the changes on its surface noted by astronomers. The atmosphere on that planet, being

of considerably smaller density than that of the earth, would make the task much more easy."

Of the future of wireless telegraphy Tesla says: "Stationary waves in the earth mean something more than mere telegraphy without wires to any distance. They will enable us to attain many important specific results impossible otherwise. For instance, by their use we may produce at will from a sending station an electrical effect in any particular region of the globe; we may determine the relative position or course of a moving object, such as a vessel at sea, the distance traversed by the same or its speed, or we may send over the earth a wave of electricity traveling at any rate we desire, from the pace of a turtle up to lightning speed.

"With these developments we have every reason to anticipate that in a time not very distant most telegraphic messages across the oceans will be transmitted without cables. For short distances we need a 'wireless' telephone, which requires no expert operators. The greater the spaces to be bridged the more national becomes communication without wires. The cable is not only an easily damaged and costly instrument, but it limits us in the speed of transmission by reason of a certain electrical property inseparable from its construction. A properly designed plant for effecting communication without wires ought to have many times the working capacity of a cable, while it will involve incomparably less expense. Not a long time will pass, I believe, before communication by cable will become obsolete, for not only will signaling by this new method be quicker and cheaper, but also much safer. By using some new means for isolating the messages which I have contrived an almost perfect privacy can be secured."

During a recent visit to Oberammergau Ida Shaper Hoxie witnessed the preparations for the decennial presentations of the Passion play and talked with the chief personages of the cast. Of these she writes in the June Ladies' Home Journal: "The Judas of 1890, the painter and decorator, Johann Zwink, because of his excellent interpretation at that time and his unchanged appearance, plays the same role again this year. The youthful John of 1890 again assumes that role. Though now 29 years old he has retained the fresh, youthful expression of ten years ago. He spends his days in his workshop beside his home carrying figures of the Madonna and of the Christ.

"Anton Lang, Jr., the son of a stove-maker and following his father's trade, seems to have been the one person of the village looked upon by all as the Christ for 1890. In 1880, as a child of 5, and again in 1890 he took the part as one of the people. I called at his humble little home and was cordially received. The plain, meager, rude little living room was replete in its bareness. When the son Anton, in blue overalls and jeans jacket, entered and smiled at me, I forgot the room. As I looked into his face, seemingly as innocent and sweet as a child's, yet showing the strength and the character of the grown man, I think I experienced a feeling akin to that which the friends of the lowly Jesus must have had as they came in contact with him in his early years, when they were as yet unaware of his divine nature.

"One would expect that a religiously imbued community, giving a play because of a religious vow, would seek to make the entrance price as small as possible in order that all might come and learn.

"But the people of Oberammergau, having learned the value of their production, seem nothing loath to combine religion with business. They charge, therefore, as much as the regular German theaters, the prices this year varying from 50 cents to \$2.50. The expenses incurred by the village in preparing for this year's presentation are said to be \$75,000. Yet the people hope to realize something for themselves from their work. One-third of what remains after the expenses are paid will be devoted to building a vault and chapel in the village burial place. The remaining two-thirds will be divided among the players, among whom there will be at least one representative from each home in the village."

New Alarm Gun.

James Mowrer of Casper, Wyo., has invented an alarm gun to be used in sheep camps to frighten away wolves, coyotes and mountain lions. The gun, according to the Denver Republican, has a capacity of 20 shots and is mounted on a revolving table, the gun and table being operated by clockwork. A lantern is also placed on the table. The machine can be so arranged as to fire a shot as often as desired. The alarm gun has been tried with success and the machines will shortly be placed on the market.

Kansas' Great Wheat Crop.

Five million acres of the rolling plains of Kansas are carpeted with waving wheat. For the fourth consecutive year Kansas will harvest one of the greatest wheat crops in her history, says the Washington Star. While it is yet two months to the time when actual figures can be given, present conditions are so favorable that it can be said that the wheat production of Kansas will amount to over 100,000,000 bushels in 1900.

Without a Moral.

John Van Brimmer, a well known character in Marion, O., stood in the center of the Big Four track at that place the other evening, took a drink of whiskey from a flask and before he could get out of the way was struck by a passenger locomotive and hurled a distance of 30 feet. He escaped with a broken leg and a number of bruises.—Columbus Dispatch.

## GREAT EXPORT RECORD.

Manufactures Worth \$40,000,000 Sent Abroad in April.

EUROPEAN MARKETS INVAD

America's Foreign Trade Increased Over 150 Per Cent in the Last Decade—Greatest Advance Was in Metals and Manufactures Thereof—Remarkable Growth in Iron and Steel.

An exportation of \$40,000,000 worth of manufactures in 30 days is a record unparalleled for American manufacture. That is the record for the month of April, 1900, according to the details of the April exportations just completed by the treasury bureau of statistics in Washington. This gives assurance that the exports of the fiscal year which ends with June will considerably exceed \$400,000,000 and be nearly three times as much as a decade ago. This phenomenal increase in exportation of manufactures is especially striking when compared with the progress made by European nations, or rivals in the attempt to supply the world's market with manufactured goods. Great Britain's exports of manufactures show but slight increase since 1890, and an examination of the export record of the principal European countries fails to disclose an instance in which the increase has been as much as 25 per cent, while that of the United States, meanwhile, has been more than 150 per cent.

An examination of the details of our own exportation of manufactures shows that it is in the production, manufacture and exportation of metal that we seem to excel. In 1890 manufactures of metals formed less than 1 per cent of our total exportation of manufactures, and in 1900 will be about 45 per cent. The increase in exportation of metals and manufactures thereof in the decade 1890-1899 was 330 per cent, while the increase in the exportation of all manufactures in the same time was but 110 per cent, and the increase in manufactures other than those of metal during that time was but 55 per cent. In this statement only those articles composed exclusively of metals are included; those made up in part of metals, such as railway cars, agricultural machinery, etc., being included in the other manufactures. The rapid increase in the exportation of manufactures of metals is shown by the fact that the exports of brass manufactures thereof in 1890 were but \$221,137, and in 1900 will reach \$1,700,000; instruments for scientific purposes increased from \$1,032,335 to \$2,770,803 and in the year about to end will reach nearly \$6,000,000; copper and its manufactures, which amounted in 1890 to \$2,348,954, will be more than \$50,000,000 in 1900; iron and steel increased from \$21,156,077 in 1890 to \$70,465,881 in 1900, while in the fiscal year 1900 it will exceed \$100,000,000.

Another interesting fact developed by the examination of the figures is that the European countries in which manufactures have been long established furnish as satisfactory a market for our manufactured goods as do the countries where manufacturing has not yet been largely developed, in reapers and mowers, clocks and watches, sewing machines, bicycles and the various manufactures of iron and steel and many other articles of the higher grades of manufacture the European countries in which manufacturing plants and machinery and skilled workmen abound furnish a market for a large share of our exports, thus failing to justify the expressed fear that a development of manufactures in countries where we are now seeking a foothold for our commerce would destroy their value as a permanent market.

As already indicated, the largest growth in our export of manufactures is in those of metals. The largest class of manufactures of metals exported is that of iron and steel. In 1890 the export of manufactures of iron and steel was \$14,716,524 and in 1900 will exceed \$100,000,000, or more than seven times that of 1890.

In no feature of our export trade has there been a more remarkable growth during the decade than in rails for railways, especially those of steel. The total exportation of iron rails in 1890 was but seven tons and in 1898 2,769 tons, the value rising from \$240 in 1890 to \$37,150 in 1898. In steel rails, however, the growth was even more remarkable, the number of tons exported in 1890 being 7,938 and in 1898 223,783, while the value increased from \$245,287 in 1890 to \$4,613,376 in 1898, and in the fiscal 1900 seems likely to reach \$5,000,000. This increase has been especially marked during the past three years, the exports of steel rails in the fiscal year 1896 being \$540,797, those of 1897 \$2,482,208 and those of 1898 \$4,613,376, those of 1899 \$5,208,125, while the first ten months of the present fiscal year show a gain of about \$2,000,000 over the corresponding months of last year. While this rapid increase is due to a generally increased demand, the countries showing the most marked growth in their purchases of steel rails from the United States are Russia, Canada and Japan.

To June.

Month of the perfect love,  
Month of the perfect leaf—  
The million morning dew,  
Thine early note of grief—  
Oh, let me hide within thy shade a sorrow past recall!

Thou, unto whose employ  
All nature's arts belong,  
Fragrance and warmth and joy,  
Admit me to thy throng!

Thou canst not dull the song, but, oh, take every chord to song!

—Walter Brooke in June Century.



## LIMA

Will Not Lose W. J. Barrett,  
Who Resigned

## Rejects an Offer of Another Position

Which Would Retain Him  
in the Service of the L. E. & W. at Ft. WayneNarrow Escape of an L. E. & W.  
Gravel Train from a Serious  
Wreck—General Railroad  
News of Interest.

W. J. Barrett, the present foreman of the blacksmith department at the L. E. & W., whose resignation becomes effective June 15, has been offered a similar position that if accepted would retain him in the service of the same company. Mr. Barrett's resignation was made compulsory by reason of the recent changes in the road's official staff, but recognizing his ability master mechanic White offered him a good position in the company's service at Ft. Wayne, the northern terminal of the Ft. W. C. & L. branch of the road. Mr. Barrett has declined to accept the new position however, for the reason that he prefers to remain in Lima where he has made his home for about thirteen years.

## BROKEN WHEEL FLANGE.

A few days ago an L. E. & W. gravel train that was west bound and in charge of conductor T. E. Davis was pulled into a siding to permit an east bound gravel train to pass and just as the train got into the "clear" one of the cars left the track. The trainmen upon examining the derailed car found that about 20 inches of the flange was broken off of one of the wheels. It was very fortunate that the accident did not occur while the train was running at full speed.

## A CROSS-EYED ENGINE.

The New York, New Haven and Hartford road has devised twin head lights which enable the engineer to get a view of the country several yards from each side of the tracks. The two headlights occupy the usual position on the smokestack and are side by side, with possibly a yard of space intervening. The lights are arranged so they focus on the rails a hundred yards or so ahead of the engine at the point where the greatest illumination is desirable, and, continuing their X-shaped formation, diverge beyond over the surrounding fields and farmhouses. The idea is to enable the engine men to see for a little distance along the many curves. When an engine comes to a turn in the track the thin beam of intense light thrown by the ordinary single headlight runs off the track, loses itself in the distance, and the engine crew can only guess what may be on the rails stretching away to the right or left ahead of them, but with the new twin lanterns one arm or the other of the X of light reaches along the branching tracks, keeping pace with the engine as it evers.

L. E. & W. CHANGE AT POSTORIA.  
George Williston has been appointed acting agent of the Lake Erie and Western, at Postoria, to succeed G. W. Seaman, who tendered his resignation last week for the purpose of embarking in business at Fremont. Patrons of the road hope that Mr. Williston's appointment may be made permanent, as he is well known and popular as well as competent, having at different times filled every desk in the Postoria office.

## NOTES.

The Lake Shore Company is preparing to carry its plans for the improvement of the Lake Erie and Western road to a finish. An order for 1,500 cars will be placed in a few days and 500 of them will be sent to the Lake Erie and Western road.

J. B. Swartz, Nickel Plate engineer, is looking after some private affairs in Lima, O., this week.—Ft. Wayne Sentinel.

J. D. Byanskie, machinist in the Wabash shops, has accepted a position in the Lake Erie and Western shops at Lima, Ohio, and will move to that place to-morrow.—Ft. Wayne Sentinel.

"He that seeks finds." He that takes Hood's Sarsaparilla finds in its use pure, rich blood and consequently good health.

## ON THE DIAMOND.

Results of the Games Played in the  
Several Circuits.

CLUBS. W. L. P. C. CLUBS. W. L. P. C.  
Phila. 21 10 457 17 30 513  
St. L. 18 14 422 12 30 387  
Brook. 18 14 402 N. Y. 11 20 320  
Phila. 19 16 540 10 19 323

AT PHILADELPHIA.—R. H. E.  
Chicago..... 10 0 0 11 0 0 0—311 4  
Philadelphia... 51 0 7 0 0 0 0—13 16 1  
Batteries—Cathala and Donahue; Bern-  
hard and McFarland. Umpire—O'Day.

AT BROOKLYN.—R. H. E.  
St. Louis..... 6 2 0 0 0 12 0 0—11 10 3  
Brooklyn..... 9 1 2 11 0 0 0 1—5 8 2  
Batteries—Jones, Young and Oberg; Ken-  
nedy, Kison and Farrell. Umpire—Hurst.

AT NEW YORK.—R. H. E.  
New York..... 10 0 2 0 0 0 0—2 6 5  
Pittsburg..... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1 5 5  
Batteries—Carlick and Howerman; Phil-  
ippi and O'Connor. Umpire—Swarwood.

AT BOSTON.—R. H. E.  
Boston..... 2 0 4 0 0 2 0 0—7 9 1  
Cleveland..... 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0—3 9 2  
Batteries—Lewis and Sullivan; Phillips  
and Wood. Umpire—Gentile.

## American League.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee 6, Minneapolis 4.  
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 4, Detroit 3.  
At Buffalo—Buffalo 6, Cleveland 4.  
At Chicago—Chicago 7, Kansas City 5.

## Interstate League.

At Mansfield—Mansfield 6, Wheeling 6.  
At Youngstown—Youngstown 5, Newcas-  
tle 4.  
At Fort Wayne—Fort Wayne 11, Toledo 4.  
At Columbus—Columbus 1, Dayton 4.

## Morning Games.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 3, Chicago 2.  
At New York—New York 4, Pittsburg 7.  
At Boston—Boston 3, Cincinnati 4.  
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 1, St. Louis 5.  
At Chicago—Chicago 1, Kansas City 2.  
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee 5, Minneapolis 4.

At Buffalo—Buffalo 4, Cleveland 7.  
At Columbus—Columbus 12, Dayton 2.  
At Mansfield—Mansfield 10, Wheeling 12.  
At Youngstown—Youngstown 7, Newcas-  
tle 2.  
At Fort Wayne—Fort Wayne 4, Toledo 3.

## Turf Winners.

At Hartsville—Silverdale, Hernoso,  
Chenier, Handpress, Prince Brides, Har-  
rack.  
At St. Louis—Elba, Mesker, Dr. Cave,  
Verley, Sam Phillips, Ned Wicks.  
At Grayswood—Dr. Eichelberg, James, To-  
nium, Imp, Lucerna, Hoster.  
At Latonia—Iris, Erena, Hambleton, John  
Brieth, Beecham, Crinkie.

## The Weather.

For Ohio, Kentucky, West Virginia and  
Indiana—Fair weather, with variable  
winds, indicated for Friday.

## Destructive Forest Fires.

Toronto, May 31.—The government  
at Portage reports that forest fires  
are raging in the Rainy river districts,  
and already millions of dollars' worth  
of timber has been destroyed.

## HEARST

Has Issued a Call to the  
ClubsUrging them to Specially Ob-  
serve July Fourth.The President of the National Asso-  
ciation of Democratic Clubs  
Makes an Appeal Which  
Should be Observed.

Special by Associated Press.  
Washington, May 31.—Mr. William  
R. Hearst, president of the National  
Association of Democratic Clubs, had a  
formal conference with the principal  
Democratic leaders in Washington re-  
garding the plan of campaign to be  
followed in the approaching presiden-  
tial struggle. Senator Jones, chairman  
of the Democratic national committee,  
Representative Richardson, Democratic  
leader in the house, and others, were  
present. It was agreed that the Demo-  
cratic national committee, the Asso-  
ciation of Democratic Clubs and the  
Democratic congressional campaign  
committee should work in harmony.  
President Hearst issued a call to Demo-  
cratic clubs and societies urging the  
celebration of the Fourth of July with  
special fervor this year. He asks that  
"all patriotic citizens, regardless of  
party affiliations, join with them in a  
new pledge of fidelity to the republic."

## FIFTY

PER CENT. OF CONSUMPTION PA-  
TIENTS CAN BE CURED.Such is the Claim Made by the State  
Board of Health Which Demands  
That Something Be Done.

The state board of health has filed  
its fourteenth annual report with Gov-  
ernor Nash. The subject of consump-  
tion is exclusively treated and the  
recommendation made that munici-  
pal and state hospitals be establish-  
ed for its treatment. Fifty per cent.  
of consumptives can be cured if prop-  
erly treated and the startling state-  
ment is made that unless something  
is done along the line of separate  
hospitals fully 700,000 of the people  
now living in Ohio will die from con-  
sumption. During the year there  
were 1,896 cases of smallpox in the  
state, but only twenty-six deaths from  
that disease.

## DOWN

Again Goes the Crude  
Oil MarketAnd With It Goes the Once  
Bright Prospects.Price of the Production of Both  
Eastern and Western Fields  
Clipped off Another Three  
Cents To-day.

Two months ago the newspapers  
throughout the northwestern Ohio oil  
fields were blowing up a monster bubble  
of the great volume of business that  
would be done by all branches of the  
oil producing interests during the  
present summer. Now the tune is an  
entirely different one. With the slump  
of 28 cents per barrel in the price of  
the crude production within four or  
five weeks' time the bottom has fallen  
out of the anticipated boom and the  
bubble has burst. Operators are  
abandoning leases that are not to "sure  
thing" territory and drilling is on the  
wane. The speculators who paid  
enormous sums for producing wells  
and promising territory are beginning  
to count their losses up in the thou-  
sands and the end is not yet.

Today's market quotations show  
another decline of three cents on the  
barrel for the product of both eastern  
and western fields. The quotations  
are now as follows:

Texas..... 31.43  
Pennsylvania..... 1.28  
Barnesville..... 1.28  
Coraopolis..... 1.11  
New Castle..... 1.10  
North Lima..... 1.08  
South Lima..... .98  
Indiana..... .93

## GOLDON SAND PROSPECTORS.

Edward Wilson, a prominent oil  
operator, of Parkersburg, W. Va., is a  
guest of Mr. George W. Barnes today.  
Mr. Wilson is an experienced oil  
man, thoroughly conversant with the  
situation in Pennsylvania and West  
Virginia territory.

Speaking of some of the great ques-  
ters that have been struck in Penn-  
sylvania and West Virginia, Mr. Wil-  
son said: "The well that to me seems  
the most wonderful of all, is the well  
on the Garner farm at Proctor, W. Va.  
It was drilled in about fifteen months  
ago, and while never a record breaker,  
has not varied a barrel from 220 bar-  
rels a day. It is these barrels with  
staying qualities that count."

"Wells cost considerably more in  
that country than here, but once a  
man has a good producer in the Gor-  
don sand, he has a permanent pension;  
\$10,000 or \$12,000 is quite an ordinary  
price to pay for a well. Teaming bills  
aggregate about what a well costs in a  
level country."—[Toledo Bee.

Another attempt will be made to  
find oil in the southern portion of Wy-  
andot county by Marion parties. Up-  
wards of \$20,000 have already been ex-  
pended in that part, but not the least  
indication of oil has been found.

## MEMORIAL

SERVICES WERE HELD YESTERDAY  
MORNINGAt the Truro Cemetery Adjoining the  
Boyhood Home of the Late Calvin  
S. Brice.

Truro cemetery, two miles southwest  
of Columbus Grove, has been cleaned  
and beautified in a fine manner. It  
was there that the decoration day ser-  
vices were held yesterday. "The cem-  
tery occupies about six acres of land  
and is laid out on the farm of the  
Brices, the deceased senator's par-  
ents. The little cabin in which Sen-  
ator Brice was partially raised has  
been moved back from the roadside  
to give the cemetery a more extended  
view. It now stands on the east side,  
not ten feet from the graves. This is  
theresting place of Brice's parents and  
many of his relatives, besides men  
famed far and near for deeds in the  
annals of Putnam county.

## TROLLEY WIRE

Broke in Two and Cars Were De-  
layed Nearly an Hour.

About 9:30 o'clock last night a trol-  
ley wire above the street railway broke  
in two in front of the Durnbaugh res-  
idence on south Main street and traf-  
fic was delayed for nearly an hour.  
The wire broke as a north bound car  
was passing at that point and the ac-  
cident created considerable excitement  
among the passengers.

## McKinley Was There.

Hagerstown, Md., May 31.—Another  
link in the chain which binds together  
the once warring factions of the north  
and south was forged by the dedica-  
tion of a monument erected to the  
memory of men who were the blue,  
and who died in mortal combat on the  
bloody field of Antietam. Secretary of  
War Root accepted the monument on  
behalf of the government. Short  
speeches followed by men high in of-  
ficial life. President McKinley was  
present and made a brief address, in  
which he felicitated the country upon  
the reunion of the north and south.

Clained He Was Tortured.  
Buffalo, May 31.—Judge Lambert cre-  
ated a sensation in criminal term of  
the supreme court by excluding a con-  
fession and directing the jury to acquit  
the defendant in the case of Fred  
Schreiber, a former inmate of the peni-  
tentiary, who was placed on trial on  
a charge of arson in setting fire to a  
piggery at the penitentiary. The jus-  
tice took this action after Schreiber  
had testified that a confession was  
wrong from him by imprisoning him  
in a dungeon with his hands hand-  
cuffed above his head and subjecting  
him to other torture.

Following France's Lead.  
Berlin, May 31.—Regarding the dis-  
orders fomented by the Boxers, a high  
official of the German foreign office  
said: "German citizens have not yet  
been attacked. Germany, therefore,  
has been following the lead of France  
in diplomatic action, her citizens being  
more immediately affected. The case  
will be otherwise if the German lega-  
tion at Peking is attacked. The for-  
eign office attributed the troubles in  
China to the hostile attitude of the  
present Chinese government towards  
foreigners."

## Ridpath a Slek Man.

New York, May 31.—There was a ru-  
mor current that John Clarke Ridpath,  
who for some weeks has been a patient  
in the Presbyterian hospital, was dead.  
The physicians said that, while he is a  
very sick man, Mr. Ridpath is not in  
danger of death, and that his recovery  
is looked for. There has been a slight  
improvement in his condition within  
the last 24 hours.

## Fatal Wreck.

Paris, May 31.—A freight train came  
into collision with the St. Petersburg  
express between Terguel and St.  
Quentin. The express, which left the  
Nord station at 1:50 p. m., was com-  
posed exclusively of sleeping cars, two  
of which were derailed. The engine  
driver was killed and several passen-  
gers were badly bruised. The locomo-  
tive of the freight train was precipi-  
tated into the canal of St. Quentin.

## Car Derailed.

Chicago, May 31.—The failure of a  
brake to respond resulted in the de-  
railment of a Chicago, Evanston and  
Edgewater electric car. Over a dozen  
passengers were injured. Those seri-  
ously hurt were: Mrs. Catherine Cur-  
tin, Mrs. O. Donaldson, Mrs. Henry A.  
Mosher, Motorman John Kline and  
John Adamson.

## Northcott's Ambition.

Clinton, Ill., May 31.—Lieutenant  
Governor W. A. Northcott of Illinois,  
who was the orator here at the Deco-  
ration day exercises, announced to a  
number of present friends that he is  
a candidate for the Republican nomi-  
nation for vice president, subject to the  
judgment of the Illinois delegation to  
Philadelphia.

## At Hongkong.

Hongkong, May 31.—The United  
States transport Hancock, which left  
San Francisco April 17 with the U.S.  
Philippine commission on board, has  
arrived here.

FOUR THOUSAND YARDS OF  
BATISTE AND ORGANDIES, WHITES  
BLUES, PINKS, BLACKS, AUTOM-  
OBILES, CORNS, LAVENDERS, AND  
NAVIES, THIRTY INCHES WIDE AT  
TEN CENTS PER YARD. THESE  
GOODS HAVE NEVER BEEN SOLD  
FOR LESS THAN TWENTY-FIVE TO  
THIRTY-FIVE CENTS.—THOMP-  
SON'S DRY GOODS STORE.

## I. O. O. F. NOTICE.

All members of the Shawnee Lodge  
No. 289 are earnestly requested to meet  
at their lodge room at 12:30 o'clock  
Friday to attend the funeral of sister  
Lillie Benson. Golden Gate and Stella  
Lodges are requested to meet with us.  
Funeral is at 2 o'clock.

EMMA McGUIRE,  
Noble Grand.

## "Of a Good Beginning

Cometh a good end." When you take  
Hood's Sarsaparilla to purify your blood  
you are making a good beginning, and  
the good end will be health and happi-  
ness. This medicine cures all humors  
of the blood, creates a good appetite,  
overcomes that tired feeling and im-  
pairs vigor and vitality to the whole  
system. It is America's Greatest Blood  
Medicine.

Billiousness is cured by Hood's Pills.  
25 cents.

Mr. Armon Jones was at the Elijah  
practice last evening and sang several  
short numbers. He simply charmed  
the chorus with his beautiful and  
powerful voice and artistic singing.

## BANQUET

Enjoyed by T. and T.  
Club Last Night.Was One of the Pleasantest  
of Season's Events.It Marks the Close of the Clubs  
Meetings for the Year—A Num-  
ber of Pleasant Society  
Functions.

Last evening the T. and T. club and  
two guests enjoyed an evening at the  
Lima House. At the table in the din-  
ing room, were seated, Mr. and Mrs.  
F. G. Borges and Miss Bertha Borges,  
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. M. Irish, Mrs. W. L.  
McKenzie, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Sprague,  
Miss Nora Lamson, Mr. and Mrs. J.  
W. Roby, Mr. J. K. Brice, Mr. and Mrs.  
I. S. Motter, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Miller,  
Dr. and Mrs. T. K. Jacobs, Mr. and  
Mrs. Thomas A. McLaughlin, Dr. and  
Mrs. F. G. Steuber, Mrs. Kate Moore,  
Mrs. Luah M. Butler, Mr. Albert Moser,  
Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Cunningham, of  
Bluffton, Mrs. W. L. Porter and Miss  
Hellen Ellis. At each corner were  
choice roses as souvenirs and ferns  
and roses graced the long table  
which was in the form of one im-  
mense T.

The toast master of the occasion  
was Mr. I. S. Motter, who distinguished  
himself by his clever presentation of  
each speaker.

Mrs. G. M. Sprague responded to  
the toast "Our Club, as it Seems to Me."  
"Sweet Land of Liberty" was the toast  
to which Mr. Thomas McLaughlin re-  
sponded in a few well chosen words of  
loyal tribute to America. Mrs. W.  
L. McKenzie was most thoroughly at  
home in responding to "The Influences  
of Music." M. C. C. Miller  
ready to respond to the following,  
"We, the Heirs of All the Ages,"  
"Some Things I Don't Know," was the  
toast to which Mr. Jonathan K.  
Brice responded in the most humor-  
ous way. Then the guests were  
drawn into the "flow of soul."

Mr. Albert Moser in well  
chosen words complimenting the club  
and closing his remarks with an im-  
promptu verse befitting the occasion.  
Mr. N. W. Cunningham, of Bluffton,  
was chosen to tell a good story. He  
kept his hearers in an uproar during  
his timely remarks. The Gostrudial  
Giversons which followed were as fol-  
lows:

Piano, Hungarian, MacDowell, Mrs.  
W. L. McKenzie.  
Reading, Aux Italiens, Meredith,  
Mrs. C. C. Miller.  
Song, "O, Master Thee Sweet," Haw-  
ley, Mrs. John Roby.  
Reading, Pauline Pavlovna, Aldrich,  
Miss Nora Lamson.  
Piano, Moment Musical, Schubert,  
Emma Steuber.

The following invitations have been  
sent out:

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Mills,  
invite you to be present  
at  
the marriage of their daughter  
Annette  
to  
Mr. Kimble Rakestraw,  
Tuesday evening, June 3, 1930,  
at 7 o'clock  
849 West Market street,  
Lima, Ohio.

Mrs. A. C. Reichelderfer and Mrs.  
Anna Marmon are visiting friends in  
Springfield for a few days.  
Mrs. R. K. Floeter of East High  
street entertained the Woman's Cul-  
ture club this afternoon and the follow-  
ing guests. Mesdames Stoddale, Frit-  
toe, Robinson and Morris.

Misses Fannie and Mabel Mitchell,  
of Findlay, are the guests of Miss  
Eloise Waters, of West North street.  
Dr. and Mrs. F. G. Stuber, of West  
North street are to give a reception  
this evening to the members of the  
German Reform church choir.

Yesterday afternoon the pleasant  
home of Mrs. Leon Loensteyn was filled  
with guests who were invited by the  
hostess and Mrs. Alex. Frankell and  
Mrs. M. J. Wertheimer to enjoy a  
round of whist. Six tables were filled  
and prizes were secured by Miss Amy  
Kuhn and Mrs. Albert Koch. The  
former receiving a lovely statuette  
and the latter a Limoges olive dish.  
These from out of town were Mrs.  
Ellerman, of Philadelphia, and Mrs.  
Black, of Rochester, N. Y.

Last evening Miss Margaret Town-  
send, of North Metcalf street was very  
much surprised when the following  
young friends descended upon her for  
an evening of fun: Misses Lillian  
Wyker, Beatrice Campbell, Minerva  
Blum and Ruth Wheeler and Joe Me-  
haffey, Lawrence Kiplinger, Norman  
McQuown and John and Frank Leland.  
A trolley ride and dainty refreshments  
were among the evening's pleasures.

THE BANK  
OF LIMA,

GUS KALB, PRESIDENT,  
R. W. THRIFT, VICE PRESIDENT,  
HARRI O. JONES, CASHIER.

## DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

MONEY TO LOAN ON  
APPROVED SECURITY

## Its Sixteen to One

That our canned goods are  
praised by all consumers. What  
pleases everybody must be top quality,  
while our goods are in the store our  
values are on the roof. Prices play  
second fiddle to quality which can't be  
trifled with in food products, as fine  
groceries tend to good health.

JAMES S. SMITH,

HOHN PHONES 127.

GROCER.



## TWENTY-FIVE CLOWNS.

Big as is the Adam Forepaugh and  
Sells Brothers' menagerie, circus and  
hippodrome consolidation, it is exceed-  
ingly well balanced in the way of en-  
tertainment suited to all requirements  
and tastes. While there is more than  
enough to widen the eyes and to make  
the nerves tingle, the development of  
the visible muscles has not been over-  
looked or slighted, and aside from the  
ambitious and many wild and domes-  
tic beast comedians, there are full  
twenty-five of the brightest, funniest  
and most versatile clowns that Mr.  
James A. Bailey could find in foreign  
fields, or our own side of the world  
furnish. No other show was ever  
equipped with anything like such an  
array of madcaps, and the feast of fat-  
fun they have furnished to enormous  
audiences in both Madison Square  
Garden and under the mammoth cir-  
cus tent has had much to do with the  
extraordinary popularity and success  
of the big show. The extraordinary  
and hilarious harmony of their "Soc-  
cer Band," their phenomenal champion  
games of baseball, football and golf,  
their amazing prize fights; their bicy-  
cle, skating and other rivalries; their  
imitations of noted acrobatic acts;  
their mishaps and misunderstandings;  
their impersonations of fashionable  
freaks and fools, and their hits at van-  
ity fair are the talk of the times. They  
are merry ministers to life and happi-  
ness, everywhere welcomed with glee  
and gladness.

Now is your chance to get  
a Lamp cheap. F. E. Har-  
man.  
The Lima Electric Light  
& Power Co.  
Under its new management SOLICITS  
PATRONAGE from the people of Lima.  
The plant will be remodeled and the most  
MODERN EQUIPMENT ADDED.  
And service rendered that will be superior  
in every respect.  
CURRENT FOR LIGHT AND POWER  
Furnished at the most reasonable rates  
consistent with good service.

WANTED.  
FOR SALE—SECONDHAND TYPE-  
WRITERS: Two good Smith Premier  
typewriters, one almost as good as new,  
two No. 2 Remington typewriters; one No.  
6 Remington typewriter; all in good con-  
dition and subject to other rental or sale.  
EMERSON W. PRICE,  
1054 1/2 Rooms 13 and 14 Holmes block.

WANTED—Girl for dishwasher at the  
Home Restaurant, 124 West High  
street.

FOR RENT—Two furnished or unfurnished  
rooms suitable for light housekeep-  
ing. Inquire at this office. 6-21

WANTED—To buy all kinds of second-  
hand sewing machines in first-class  
condition. Highest price paid.  
G. E. CORSAKIN,  
CORNWELL LOAN OFFICE,  
309 East Wayne street

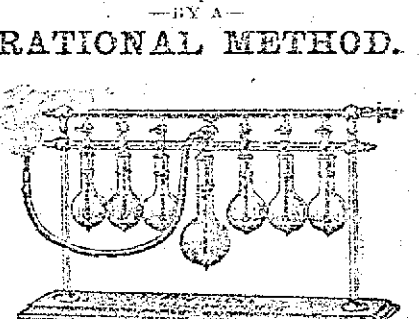
WANTED—To buy 500 stores, will pay the  
highest cash price for all kinds of sec-  
ond-hand goods. G. E. CORSAKIN,  
217 South Main street,  
Lima, Ohio.

Legal Notice.  
Newton Bayles, whose place of residence  
is unknown, will take notice that on the  
24th day of May, A. D. 1930, Jennie Bayles  
filed her petition in the Common Pleas  
Court of Allen County, Ohio, being case No.  
10824, in which she prays for a divorce from  
said Newton Bayles on the grounds of ex-  
treme cruelty, gross neglect of duty, and  
that said petition will be for hearing on and  
after six weeks from the first publication of  
this notice.

JENNIE BAYLES, Plaintiff.  
By C. F. Bryan, her attorney.

## Catarrhal Diseases

PERMANENTLY CURED  
—BY A—  
RATIONAL METHOD.



The New Treatment that Cures  
by Destroying the Germs that  
Produce Catarrh.

CATARRE  
Is a disease from which almost every pos-  
sible malady may spring, as Bronchitis,  
Asthma, Neuritis, Consumption, Stomach  
Disorder, etc. Catarrh has been consid-  
ered incurable because it has not been un-  
derstood.

DYSPEPSIA.

After Catarrh once gets into the stomach,  
dyspepsia follows with Liver, Bowel,  
Head and Kidney trouble.

CONSUMPTION.

Catarrh also extends down the bronchial  
tubes, causing Bronchitis, Asthma and Em-  
physema, and in the lungs these troubles  
develop quickly and all these troubles  
can be cured by taking in time by removing  
the cause, which is Catarrh.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

A catarrhal infection of the Kidneys and  
Urinary organs many times results in nerv-  
ous debility, which cripples the health of so  
many young men.

Dr. Stockdale cures these troubles and re-  
stores all diseased organs to normal con-  
dition.  
Consultation and trial treatment free to  
all who apply at office.

Hours—9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m.,  
Sundays 10 to 11 p. m.

B. A. Stockdale, M. D.  
Rooms 5 and 6 Opera House Bldg.  
New Phone 845.

LIMA, O.

## LAUNDRY.

Lace curtains repaired and launder



# OHIO'S WELCOME TO ADMIRAL DEWEY.

How the People of the Buckeye State Will Receive and Entertain the Great Hero of the Salted Seas.

TWO DAYS AND TWO NIGHTS OF FESTIVAL AT COLUMBUS.

In Honor of the Great Event, the Capital City Will Resemble an Eruption of Gay Colors, the Electrical Illuminations Will Be Unusually Extensive and Brilliant, and the Whole Affair Conducted on an Elaborate Scale—An Imposing Parade, a Mammoth and Novel Barbecue, a Colossal Carnival, Public Receptions and a Magnificent Ball Some of the Features Incidental to the Reception to the Man From Manila Bay.

Admiral Dewey will visit Ohio on June 6 and 7. He is to be the guest of the enterprising capital city on these dates. The whole state is likely to be there to greet him. The quiet man who demolished things so neatly and quickly on that memorable May day in Manila Bay will be accorded such a welcome as only this great commonwealth can extend. Our people at this opportunity will give vent to their enthusiasm, and express their admiration and esteem for the idol of the American nation in their good old Buckeye way. Since he reached our shores, the great admiral has been accorded ovations outrivalling those ten-



Mrs. GEORGE DEWEY.

dered the Roman heroes of old, but none will excel in hearty greeting the reception to be tendered him at Columbus on June 6 and 7.

For weeks the citizens of the Buckeye capital have been perfecting arrangements for the fitting reception of the naval hero and his gifted wife. Nothing has been left undone, and as the time of Dewey's visit approaches, all is found in a state of preparedness and perfection. Great crowds will swarm into Columbus from all points of the compass, but the arrangements made by the public-spirited citizens of that city insure the safety, comfort and convenience of all. There will be room and a good time for each and every one.

On this occasion everything will be on a splendid scale. The parade will be large and magnificent, the fireworks unusually elaborate, the decorations beautiful and profuse, the illuminations extensive and brilliant, the carnival a source of delight and the barbecue novel and prodigious.

In honor of the coming of the hero of Manila Bay, the city of Columbus is putting on a gala dress such as it has never worn before. A lavish display of colors will greet the eye at every turn. Beautifully decorated public and private structures and miles of residences will charm the beholder by day and reflect resplendently under a myriad of electric illuminations by night. Every home, humble or pretentious, will unfurl its token of welcome to the admiral. The business section of the city will resemble a scene in fairyland. It will be fairly ablaze with national colors and lights. Miles of the beautiful electric arches which span high and other streets on this occasion will be festooned with bunting, flags, streamers and appropriate devices. At Broad and High streets, in the very heart of the city, is being erected the Dewey arch, which will be adorned in artistic style.

Display of Fireworks. The display of fireworks will be on a scale probably never before attempted in this state. During the progress of the parade, a world of Japanese pyrotechnics will make a playground of the sky, beautiful and fantastic figures evolving from the thunder of guns. At night the display will be all that human ingenuity can devise. Myriads of hissing and bursting rockets and shells will fill the heavens with comely figures and designs of all colors, shapes and sizes. Among the interesting pieces to be displayed is "The Battle of Manila Bay." It will be a miniature reproduction of that famous naval conflict. When this piece is in motion the effect will be astonishing to

behold. Another feature in fireworks will be a superb counterfeit of the flagship Olympia, with all its guns in action. Faces of the admiral and men prominent in public life will be flashed in fire. Old Glory in colors will be shown and all varieties of flowers and plants and one thousand and one devices let loose in the evening air. The whole display will be under the direction of the Dan Fireworks company of Cincinnati.

Two days and two nights of festival are contemplated in the official program for the reception of Admiral and Mrs. Dewey and party. That every visitor may be guided and thus given an opportunity to greet the monarch of the salted seas at some time or turn in the progress of the festivities, let us follow the movements of the distinguished guests during their stay at Columbus, as outlined in the official program.

Exercises will commence on the morning of June 6. A committee will meet the admiral's train east of the city and with him make the run to the Union station. Here the general reception committee will take the party in charge and escort it to the Chittenden hotel. After a brief rest the admiral, attended by the Junior Hussars and a detachment of police, will be driven to the Columbus Driving park, where will be held a colossal barbecue, a description of which is to be found elsewhere in this review. The band stand at the park will be used by the admiral and party to participate in the exercises and witness the carnival of sports and amusements that follows. Returning, the guests will make a stop at the Hotel and Dumb Asylum and be received by the officers and pupils of that institution. In the evening Admiral and Mrs. Dewey will be conducted by the Franklin county ex-soldiers and sailors' societies to the Columbus auditorium, there to participate in the great campfire. A splendid program has been arranged for this event.

On Thursday, June 7, at 9:30 a. m. the admiral and wife will be tendered a public reception at the state capitol. Here Governor George K. Nash will make the welcoming address. Those wishing to attend this reception will pass in at the north door, greet the admiral in the rotunda and pass out by the west and south doors. This event will close promptly at 11:30, when the admiral's party will be driven to the Columbus club for luncheon.

The Parade. At 2:30 p. m. the great event of the second day, the magnificent parade, will move. Admiral and Mrs. Dewey and the reception committee will occupy the reviewing stand on East Broad street. The pageant will consist of six divisions and be composed of soldiers and sailors of all wars, military and civil organizations, trades and labor unions in bright regalia, and numerous and attractive floats, the whole to be punctuated at easy intervals with celebrated brass bands. It will move in the following order:

Platoons of Police—W. P. Tyler, chief, Grand marshal and staff.

Ohio National Guard—Brigadier General John C. Speaks, commanding.

First division—Colonel I. B. Potts, commanding; Mexican war veterans in carriages, ex-soldiers and sailors, war of rebellion.

Second division—Colonel A. B. Colt, commanding; Spanish war veterans.

Third division—Major Mooney, commanding; Independent military and university cadets.

Fourth division—Colonel Henry M. Ingle, commanding; Uniformed societies.

Fifth division—Frank B. Cameron, commanding; Labor organizations.

Sixth division—R. J. Jeffrey, commanding; Manufacturers' display.

In the evening at 8 o'clock will open the reception and ball at the Hotel Chittenden. This function promises to be one of the most elaborate and distinguished in the history of the state. Men prominent in public life will attend. The din and roar of the day, occasioned by the bellying guns, cheering thousands and the blare of blarney bands, will here give way to the Italian orchestra's dulcet strains, to which the queens of society and gay cavaliers will trip the light fantastic till the wee small hours and pitch dull care to the winds.

Friday morning, the 8th, the admiral and party will be escorted to their train by members of the reception committee and the Columbus Rifles. Visiting members of the press will be royally entertained by their brethren of Columbus. Commodious and

of the general assembly. The meeting here will be called to order at 11 a. m., the visitors being welcomed by the reception committee and an address delivered by Mayor Samuel Swartz. At noon Admiral Dewey is expected to be present and his arrival will be heralded by a salute of 17 guns. Next the barbecue will be served. This feast will consist of roast beef, pork, mutton, spring lamb,hardtack, pickles, bread, coffee, sugar and milk. Then will follow a varied program of amusements, consisting of foot-race for old soldiers, tag of war, wheelbarrow race, army mule race, free-for-all pace and trot, butchers' horse race, ladies' driving contest, greased pig catching, high jumping, horse exhibit, killing contest by champion butchers, balloon ascension and other specialties too numerous to mention. Suitable prizes will be awarded in each and every test of skill and endurance. A feature worthy of note will be the marriage of several couples while in midair in a balloon.

In the evening a huge campfire will be held at the spacious Columbus auditorium. Admiral Dewey will be in attendance. On the approach of the admiral a salute of 17 guns will be fired. The auditorium will be appropriately and elaborately decorated on the occasion of the campfire. An immense audience is anticipated, but there will be room for all. The program of the evening will embrace chorus singing and vocal solos, instrumental music, recitations and short addresses by speakers from different parts of the state. Among the orators who will be present are General R. B. Brown of Zanesville, who needs no introduction as a speaker; General J. Warren Kell of Springfield, a veteran of both the civil and Spanish-American wars; Judge J. S. Gill and Colonel James Kilbourne of Columbus, both of them veterans of the civil war, and Governor George K. Nash, who will deliver the address of welcome. Hon. Emmet Tompkins will speak on behalf of the board of trade, his subject being: "The Relation of the Citizen and Business Man to the Soldier."

Exercises of Second Day. On the second day the carnival will be in progress at the Columbus driving park, and a public reception will be held in the rotunda of the statehouse. At 2:30 p. m. the great parade will move, under the direction of Grand Marshal H. A. Axline. All the soldiers will form in one division, subject to the order of the marshal. A more extended account of the parade, fireworks, etc., will be found elsewhere in the program of exercises prepared by the city of Columbus for the welcome to Dewey. At Franklin park in the evening there will be an elaborate display of fireworks, the whole to conclude with a grand ball and reception at the Chittenden Hotel.

A beautiful arch is to be erected by the ex-soldiers at the intersection of Broad and High streets. The plan presents an arch sprung from the northeast corner to the southwest and from the southeast to the northwest, meeting in the center with an appropriate device, the whole to be handsomely decorated and brilliantly illuminated. The veterans also proposed to have a living representation of the United States flag, composed of 260 little girls. The red stripes are to be represented with girls wearing red capes, the white stripes by those wearing white dresses, and the blue field by those wearing blue capes and blue flat caps with a large white star on top. A national salute, one gun for each state in the Union, will be fired at noon on June 6.

The Ladies' section of the reunion reception committee have perfected plans for the entertainment of the visiting ladies. Miss Sadie G. Chapman is chairman of the committee. A rest room, centrally located, has been provided. Here the visiting women will find refreshments, an information bureau and every facility for comfort. A reception committee of 100 members has been organized.

The Last Chance. This will probably be the last great soldiers' and sailors' reunion in the state of Ohio, and a great outpouring is anticipated. It is not a society affair; it has no connection with the Grand Army, Union Veteran Legion or any organization of soldiers now extant. It is distinctively to be a reunion of old soldiers and sailors of all wars, regardless of society affiliations or preferences.

There will be a large number of men prominent in the military and naval history of the country present during the period of the reunion, among whom may be mentioned General E. R. Montford, Cincinnati, department commander of the Grand Army; General W. R. Wooster of Philadelphia, national commander of the Union Veteran Legion; General Miles, General Brooke, General W. L. McMillen of Louisiana, Captain Sigbee of the ill-fated Maine, and many others. Letters have been received from all parts of the state by chairman and secretary from all sorts of soldier organizations, saying that they are coming, so that the committee is firm in its belief that the attendance will be immense.

It is expected that between 12,000 and 20,000 veterans will participate in the parade of June 7. The march will be a straight-away tramp on High street, without counter-march. Columbus on this occasion will extend with lavish hand her hospitality and welcome to the soldiers and sailors of all wars. It will be recalled how ably the capital city cared for the reunion of '83, and it is safe to predict that she will not be remiss in her attentions to the visiting veterans during the Dewey festival.

Not for thee, oh, friend, the easy task, for thou art strong; And though, borne down with burdens, the way seems hard and long, Yet know that God but giveth thee True life of nobility. In this, knowing thee 'e'en better than thyself; His plan To prove thee, saying to all thy world, Behold a man! —Mary E. Sweeney in Lippincott's.

## A Matter of Conscience

The garden was ablaze with May sunshine and white with May blossoms, but the old stone house at the end of the straight path that led from the gate looked somber and melancholy.

A gaunt apple tree tugged playfully at the closed shutters of one of the upper rooms and even went so far, under extreme provocation from the wind, as to poke some of its blossom laden twigs between the ramshackle slats.

Dr. Eaton, who walked up the straight path through the sunshine, could not restrain a sigh of pleasure at the beauty of the scene. Young and strong and healthy, life to him was good and delightful, though at that very moment he might be hurrying into the presence of death.

A pale young woman opened the door in response to his knock, and without any form of greeting ushered him into the chilly hall and went before him up the stairs to the door above.

"He is very ill, my poor little boy," she said as she opened the door of a bed chamber. "Very, very ill, I fear." The doctor stepped into the room. He stopped for an instant until he could accustom himself to the general dimness. The woman caught his arm.

"Here," she whispered, and drew him toward the bed. The young man took the child's tiny wrist between his fingers. Then he leaned over and laid his ear against the child's heart.

"You think," she asked breathlessly, "I think," he replied, looking at her pitifully, "that your little boy?" "Doctor?"

"But we will do what we can," she said. "The two began to work silently over the little creature, who lay motionless and impassive under their hands. After an hour the doctor ceased.

"Mrs. Grafton, you must send for your husband." "He is no better?" she asked, a look of agony creeping into her great dark eyes.

"No better," he answered. "But he does not suffer. Take comfort from that." She covered her face with her hands for an instant and then said in a dull, quiet tone:

"I am a stranger in Ellissville and have no friend or acquaintance here. When Mr. Grafton went away this morning, the baby did not seem so very ill, but he said he would ask you to call. I have no one to send for him now."

"Gratton," she asked at last, with some eagerness. "Mrs. Grafton—Mrs. Grafton," he repeated, shaking his head. "She is not a patient of mine."

"Not now, but somehow I feel as if you must be the man I am looking for. Is there any way you can find out whether you had a patient named Gratton 20 years ago? Oh, it is very important that I should know!" she concluded earnestly.

"I will consult my books of that time," he said kindly and arose. As he walked across to the closet where he kept these records of his early struggles the woman's eyes followed him with eager intensity. Suddenly she got up and ran to his side.

"All, I know it is you! The moment you walked away I knew beyond a doubt. It was just as if I were back again in the room where my baby died and saw you leave me to go for my husband! Oh, you must remember me! You tried so hard to save my dear little boy. I lived in an old stone house that stood in a big garden. I was ill after my baby died, and you attended me—so kindly, so well! And then we went away and did not pay your bill. It is 20 years ago, and you are changed, but I know you now!"

Dr. Eaton had turned and was looking thoughtfully down into her eager face. At last he said slowly:

"I think I do remember you—yes, I know I do. Is there anything I can do to serve you, Mrs. Grafton?" "Yes," she answered. "When we went away from here, we were very poor. We could not pay you for the burial of the baby." Her eyes dropped, and she clasped and unclasped her hands nervously. "But oh, how I wanted to! For a time my husband was very fortunate and made a great deal of money. But the debts I speak of, while the thought of them drove me almost wild, did not seem to trouble him. When I urged their payment, he always grew impatient and said they belonged to a time he could not bear to think of. He thought I was heartless to remind him of them. You see," she added lastly, "the loss of our little boy preyed upon his mind and made him depressed and morose. So at last I ceased altogether to speak of the matter and made up my mind that somehow—some time—I would pay them myself. I never relinquished my purpose, and in all the years after, whether we prospered or whether we struggled for a bare existence, I never touched the sum I had put by as a nucleus. But added to it, little by little. And now I think I have enough. It has taken a long time, and only God knows what a haunting horror has been to me the thought that my little child's funeral expenses, that I felt to be a sacred debt, were still unpaid and lay like a blenheim on his innocent memory. And now will you tell me how much I am to pay you and what you can do to help me and the undertaker?"

The doctor sat thoughtfully for a moment, then he glanced up and dashed a smile at his visitor—a smile of such surpassing sweetness that she felt herself smiling too, half tearfully in sympathy.

"Twenty years is a long time to remember a little bill like mine," he said. "It cannot be a little bill."

"You came here from—" "Grimby," she replied. "And you have died?" "No."

"Then you must be my guest, and afterward I will help you find that man to whom you owe—the other bill. I think I remember who it was. Are you and Mr. Grafton living in Grimby?"

"Mr. Grafton has been dead some years," she said. "I am teaching school there."

## What Is It?

A man who has been running a race with steam and electricity for years, finds himself suddenly stopped. It seems as if a cold hand clutched his heart. His brain whirls; he can hardly see. "What is it?" he asks himself as the attack passes.

If his question meets a right answer, he'll be told that his seizure is a warning to pay more attention to his stomach, which is already deranged by irregular meals and rich foods.

Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. It eliminates from the blood disease breeding poisons. It makes the blood rich and pure, and furnishes a foundation for sound, physical health.

"About ten years ago I began to have trouble with my stomach," writes Mr. Wm. Connolly, of 555 Walnut Street, London, Ohio. "I got so bad that I had to lay off quite often—two or three days in a week. I have been treated by the best doctors in this city, but got no help. Some said I had cancer of the stomach, others catarrh, others dyspepsia. Then I wrote to you for advice. You advised the use of your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and Pleasant Tablets. These medicines I have taken as directed. I commenced to get better from the start, and have not lost a day of my usual amount of my stomach. I feel up and better than I have for ten years."

Keep the bowels healthy by using Dr. Pierce's Pellets. They don't gripe.

Special Rates to Milwaukee via Pennsylvania Lines. Ticket agents of the Pennsylvania Lines will furnish information about reduced rate tickets to Milwaukee, which will be on sale over those lines on June 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th, account the meeting of General Federation of Women's Clubs. Apply to nearest agent of the lines mentioned.

How London Lives. The art of living cheaply has been accomplished in London. For breakfast no one thinks of taking a heavy meal. People there know the value of money and expend it accordingly. All over London are eating houses where a meal can be had at from 6 to 15 cents. Invariably the people drink cocoa or chocolate. A cup of this is almost a meal in itself. The price varies from 2 cents to 5 cents a cup. One system of restaurants use so much cocoa that they make their own. In America we have not yet discovered the great food value of this article. When buying ask for Cleveland Cocoa, Rose's Unsweetened or Rose Sweet Chocolate. Look for the name of the manufacturer on the package. d&wlm


Special Rates for "Decoration Day Trips. For the accommodation of persons who may desire to spend Decoration Day away from home, reduced tickets will be sold at ticket stations on the Pennsylvania Lines May 29th and 30th. The return limit will include May 31st. For particulars see nearest Pennsylvania Line Ticket agent.

The Easy Food. Easy to Buy, Easy to Cook, Easy to Eat, Easy to Digest. Baker Oats. In 2-lb. pkgs. only.

School Desks Wanted. SFALED BIDS will be received by the Board of Education of Lima, Ohio, until 12 o'clock noon of June 25, 1906, upon four hundred primary and four hundred Grammar Grade School Desks of standard quality and ask prices. Bids are to cover both adjustable and non-adjustable styles. Sample desks must be submitted, and a certified check for One Hundred Dollars must accompany the bid. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board. ASA CATT, Clerk. Lima, O., May 22, 1906. 125-month-3wks

NO. 54. East Side Public Square. BEST CLASS BARBER SHOP. Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting done to order. Special room for ladies hair dressing. A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.



The Best Line Between

CINCINNATI  
INDIANAPOLIS  
CHICAGO  
DAYTON  
TOLEDO  
DETROIT.

Cafe Cars,  
Parlor Cars,  
Observation,  
Compartment  
and  
Pullman  
Standard  
Sleepers.

MICHIGAN  
and  
CANADA.

SOUTHERN  
WINTER  
RESORTS,  
FLORIDA  
NEW ORLEANS  
MEXICO  
CALIFORNIA.

Any Agent or Representative of the C. & D. will be pleased to furnish information, or address  
D. G. EDWARDS,  
Passenger Traffic Manager,  
Cincinnati, O.

Where To Locate? WHY, IN THE TERRITORY TRAVELLED BY THE

Louisville AND Nashville Railroad.

KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE ALABAMA, MISSISSIPPI, FLORIDA, WHERE Farmers, Fruit Growers Stock Raisers, Manufacturers Investors, Speculators and Money Lenders will find the greatest chances in the United States to make big money by reason of the abundance and cheapness of

LAND AND FARMS, TIMBER AND STONE, IRON AND COAL, LABOR—EVERYTHING

METROPOLITAN Barber Shop and Bath Room. Have been reopened by HANEY & SHEPHERD. New equipped roll top tubs, everything new and clean. Call for a smooth shave or a clean bath. BARNEY METROPOLITAN BLOCK.

J. E. WARNER, REAL ESTATE AND LOAN BROKER. Oil Production and Leases a Specialty. List your property with me. Commission reasonable. Rooms 10 Opera House Block, Lima, Ohio.

MONEY TO LOAN. We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST. We will advance money on any property or on any interest paying tax. Persons wishing CHAS. MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it will be to their interest to call. H. F. POISSON, Real Estate and Loan Broker, Rooms 1 and 3 Holmes Block.

Dr. Chase's Dental Parlors. We propose to offer, for thirty days only, big inducements. We will put a gold filling in every set of teeth free of charge. If your old plate does not fit you have your teeth put in new plates. Prices very low. Gold filling put in them free of charge. Crown and Bridge work, \$2.00 per tooth and up. Silver filling 75c. cleaning 25c. gold crown \$1.00 up, while filling 50c. This proposition is for thirty days only. Hours, 8 a. m. until 8 p. m. Sundays 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. North Main.

ROOMS—40-41, Metropolitan Block. ASTHMA QUICK. ASTHMA TABLETS. POSITIVE cure of asthma. Hay Fever and Catarrh. Two tablets give immediate relief. Take after each meal with Dextrose. Ask your druggist, or by mail \$1.00. Send stamp for free sample. ROSS & P. Co., Cleveland, O.



## Gray Hairs Can be Deferred

Premature gray hairs usually are the result of carelessness. If the scalp is kept free of dandruff and properly nourished and strengthened, gray hairs would be unusual before the age of forty or forty-five. There is no remedy in existence that will restore color to gray hairs but the

## Seven Sutherland Sisters

Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner, if applied according to directions contained in each package, will positively defer gray hairs until nature compels their appearance. There are today thousands of American men and women who have revived the dying energies of their hair through the faithful use of these simple and natural remedies.

Sold by leading dealers.

## Wall Paper.

The largest line, the best goods, the biggest assortment. Prices—from as low as the lowest, to as high as you wish to go.

## CITY BOOK STORE,

WOOLERY & HANLEY, Prop.

## LOCAL TIME CARD.

C. H. & D. R. R.

No.	Days	Arrive	Depart
1	Daily	7:20 a. m.	7:25 a. m.
2	Daily	7:50 a. m.	7:55 a. m.
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In effect 12 o'clock on May 27, 1900.

WEST BOUND.

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15	Daily	2:20 p. m.	2:25 p. m.
16	Daily	2:50 p. m.	2:55 p. m.
17	Daily	3:20 p. m.	3:25 p. m.
18	Daily	3:50 p. m.	3:55 p. m.
19	Daily	4:20 p. m.	4:25 p. m.
20	Daily	4:50 p. m.	4:55 p. m.
21	Daily	5:20 p. m.	5:25 p. m.
22	Daily	5:50 p. m.	5:55 p. m.
23	Daily	6:20 p. m.	6:25 p. m.
24	Daily	6:50 p. m.	6:55 p. m.
25	Daily	7:20 p. m.	7:25 p. m.
26	Daily	7:50 p. m.	7:55 p. m.
27	Daily	8:20 p. m.	8:25 p. m.
28	Daily	8:50 p. m.	8:55 p. m.
29	Daily	9:20 p. m.	9:25 p. m.
30	Daily	9:50 p. m.	9:55 p. m.
31	Daily	10:20 p. m.	10:25 p. m.
32	Daily	10:50 p. m.	10:55 p. m.
33	Daily	11:20 p. m.	11:25 p. m.
34	Daily	11:50 p. m.	11:55 p. m.
35	Daily	12:20 a. m.	12:25 a. m.
36	Daily	12:50 a. m.	12:55 a. m.
37	Daily	1:20 a. m.	1:25 a. m.
38	Daily	1:50 a. m.	1:55 a. m.
39	Daily	2:20 a. m.	2:25 a. m.
40	Daily	2:50 a. m.	2:55 a. m.
41	Daily	3:20 a. m.	3:25 a. m.
42	Daily	3:50 a. m.	3:55 a. m.
43	Daily	4:20 a. m.	4:25 a. m.
44	Daily	4:50 a. m.	4:55 a. m.
45	Daily	5:20 a. m.	5:25 a. m.
46	Daily	5:50 a. m.	5:55 a. m.
47	Daily	6:20 a. m.	6:25 a. m.
48	Daily	6:50 a. m.	6:55 a. m.
49	Daily	7:20 a. m.	7:25 a. m.
50	Daily	7:50 a. m.	7:55 a. m.
51	Daily	8:20 a. m.	8:25 a. m.
52	Daily	8:50 a. m.	8:55 a. m.
53	Daily	9:20 a. m.	9:25 a. m.
54	Daily	9:50 a. m.	9:55 a. m.
55	Daily	10:20 a. m.	10:25 a. m.
56	Daily	10:50 a. m.	10:55 a. m.
57	Daily	11:20 a. m.	11:25 a. m.
58	Daily	11:50 a. m.	11:55 a. m.
59	Daily	12:20 p. m.	12:25 p. m.
60	Daily	12:50 p. m.	12:55 p. m.
61	Daily	1:20 p. m.	1:25 p. m.
62	Daily	1:50 p. m.	1:55 p. m.



## ALL

## Counties to Share Alike

## In the Taxes

Which the C., H. &amp; D. Road will Pay.

Common Pleas Court Took up the Findlay Street Case Today.

Judge Miller Has Two Bad Boys to Deal with but Gets a Promise From Them of Better Behavior.

Auditor Walther and ten other auditors from counties through which the C., H. &amp; D. railroad runs, won a victory over the four who represent Hamilton, Montgomery, Butler and Warren counties and will have the taxes equally distributed.

## FINDLAY STREET CASE.

Common pleas court convened this morning after a few days' intermission, and the Findlay street opening case in which the city and the C., H. &amp; D. railroad are jointly interested is being submitted to the regular petit jury.

## TWO TRUANTS.

Judge Miller had two incorrigibles up before him this morning on complaint of truant officer Povenmire. The boys are Charles Adams and Homer Reed, both of whom have been absent from school on previous occasions without permission. After a lecture by the superintendent they were turned over to the mercy of the court. Judge Miller released them upon a promise of good behavior and with the understanding that another appearance would mean confinement at the Lancaster reformatory school.

## BACK TO THE ASYLUM.

Alice M. Reed, who has been an inmate at the Toledo asylum once before, was taken to that institution again this morning by Sheriff Bogart. Her home is on south main street.

OVER FOUR HUNDRED CHOICE NEW UP-TO-DATE SPRING STYLES OF HATS BOUGHT OF A MANUFACTURER FOR SPOT CASH. CHOICE WILL BE OFFERED FOR FIFTY CENTS EACH. SEE DISPLAY IN WINDOW. THESE GOODS ARE WORTH ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS, TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS, AND THREE DOLLARS.—THOMPSON'S DRY GOODS CO.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. L. Connell is home from Chicago.

H. O. Bentley went to Norwalk this morning.

Mrs. James Shaw, of south West street, spent yesterday with friends in Cold-raville. On her return she was accompanied by Miss Kate Baker.

The Eljah concert Friday night will be a great success artistically and socially. The box seats have been largely subscribed for in advance by the social leaders of the city and a large and critical audience will be in attendance to enjoy the masterpiece of Mendelssohn. Plats open today at Melville's. Get your seats early.

LAMP SALE for a few days. We offer our entire stock of lamps at special prices. We are doing this in order to make room, as it is necessary to tear out our lamp department in the course of rebuilding the back part of the store. Don't miss this sale.

F. E. HARMON,

213 and 215 North Main street.

OVER FOUR HUNDRED CHOICE NEW UP-TO-DATE SPRING STYLES OF HATS BOUGHT OF A MANUFACTURER FOR SPOT CASH. CHOICE WILL BE OFFERED FOR FIFTY CENTS EACH. SEE DISPLAY IN WINDOW. THESE GOODS ARE WORTH ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS, TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS, AND THREE DOLLARS.—THOMPSON'S DRY GOODS CO.

"Fortune favors the brave." It is also favorable to those who purify their blood at this season by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## BON VOYAGE

Extended to the Deisel Family by the German Society.

The German Society tendered the family of Henry Deisel a farewell reception last night, on the eve of their departure for an extended visit to Europe. They leave Lima next Sunday and the society, numbering about fifty, gathered to wish them bon voyage and send messages to friends and relatives beyond the seas.

The evening passed pleasantly with songs by the Mannerchor and short speeches by a number of gentlemen present. A repast was furnished the guests and in leaving warm expressions of a safe and happy journey were tendered the host and hostess.

## INDIANS

Were Given an Awful Drubbing.

Wapak Team Out-Classed by the Crescents.

Smith's Wild Pitching All That Saved the Visitors from Taking Home a Full Score of "Goose Eggs."

Sturge Seals' team, the Crescents, played a magnificent game of ball against the Wapakoneta Reds at Faurot's park yesterday afternoon and the spectators enjoyed the contest hugely. The only feature of the game that was not enjoyed was the weakness of the visiting team. The Reds were outclassed both in the field and at the bat and had it not been for the wild pitching of Smith, of the Crescents, the Reds would have gone home last night without a run to their credit. Smith has plenty of speed and makes the pitcher "bend" well but has poor control.

The Seals boys, as usual put up a fac game and Lawlor proved a star at the bat, making the only home run of the day, one three-base hit, two doubles and a single in five times up. A very brilliant play was made at one time by Mert Seals who made a running left handed scoop of a hot one that would have been good for a two-base hit had it passed him. In the third inning Smith forced in two runs by giving men bases on balls and then a single hit brought in the third score. The score by innings was as follows:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Wapak..... 0 0 3 0 0 1 1 0—5

Lima..... 0 3 0 3 3 2 0 5—16

## FOR LITTLE BOYS.

The latest thing for little boys is an outfit which consists of a shirt and pants to match, made of washable goods. Price for the complete outfit 50c. Just the thing for them to play in. Mothers of boys should not fail to see this new fad at Michael's. 6-21

FOUR THOUSAND YARDS OF BATISTE AND ORGANDIES, WHITES, BLUES, PINKS, BLACKS, AUTOMOBILES, CORNS, LAVENDERS, AND NAVIES, THIRTY INCHES WIDE AT TEN CENTS PER YARD. THESE GOODS HAVE NEVER BEEN SOLD FOR LESS THAN TWENTY-FIVE TO THIRTY-FIVE CENTS.—THOMPSON'S DRY GOODS STORE.

The giving of Eljah for the spring festival will chronicle the debut of some very talented Lima vocalists in the grand field of oratorio singing in which there is none more exalted.

We refer to Miss Edna Burton, Miss Florence Campbell, Miss Alice Fisher, Mrs. A. C. Felt and Mr. G. H. Mcetheany, all of whom possess voices of great beauty. The Choral Society is to be commended in giving these singers this opportunity to begin careers of rare promise. Lima should complement the management by liberal patronage and these singers by a magnificent audience before which to sing. Other of our best singers participate in the duets, trios, and quartets, and with Mr. Jones in the title role, Friday night will be a red letter night in Lima's musical history. Be in the audience. Seats \$1, 75c and 50c. Plats now open at Melville's.

See the new stock of WOLFF-AMERICANS before you buy. From 825 up. Special prices on present stock of NATIONALS and ORIENTS. Full line of sundries.

HARRY RUMPLE,

112 North Elizabeth street.

196 Gt. Wky-44 ft

## WORK

## Will be Commenced Tomorrow

## Census of 1900

Enumerators then Start on their Rounds.

An Important Work will be Performed by Them.

They should be Given all Information they Desire as Their Work Will Thereby be Greatly Facilitated.

The blank schedules to be used in the next census are now being distributed by the census office enumerators, who will start to work on June 1. The schedules contain questions which some persons may think prying, purposeless, or excessive in number. But their number and character have been determined by congress, not by the census office, and all of them have been asked in previous censuses. The only important change since 1890 is that some questions have been abandoned.

People are often offended at the question, "How old are you?" and are apt to wonder what use the government can make of their replies. Taken as a whole the replies are as important as any class of information the census office collects. Age returns penetrate and elucidate every other branch of statistical knowledge. They show where child labor is prevalent, and where the proportion of persons able to support themselves is large or small. They reveal the great number of colored children and the short life of the negroes under present conditions. They make it possible to ascertain whether the average length of life is increasing or decreasing, how many men the nation contains who are capable of voting or bearing arms, and whether the relative number of children is increasing or decreasing.

In Mohammedan or semi-civilized countries like India householders are often unwilling to answer the question regarding the sex of persons in the house, but in civilized countries where the sexes are regarded as on an equality, such unwillingness does not appear. The answers to the questions show that in nearly all cities females outnumber the males and the same is true of most of the states along the Atlantic coast. The belief is widespread that taking the world in general there are more females alive at any given time than males, and that if it were not for immigration there be more females in the United States than males. But the census statistics show that we cannot explain the great excess of males (over one and a half million) in the United States by immigration alone, for when the foreign-born are left out of account, there are still above 600,000 more males than females.

Few would dispute the necessity for asking questions regarding race. All arguments regarding the future of any particular race in this country, like the Indian, the negro or the Chinaman, must hinge upon the returns of the census. With the Indians, moreover, it is of the highest importance to learn what success the policy of the government has met with in establishing them apart from their tribes and reservations, and whether such Indians are increasing or decreasing.

Some mothers may shrink from stating the number of children they have had and the number who are living. But from answers to these questions, the country will learn whether the native American population is holding its own, or whether, as some have claimed, it is being gradually supplanted and displaced by the children of recent immigrants.

In the light of such explanations, and only a few of the most important questions have been touched upon. It may perhaps be clear to the public that no question has been ordered by congress, or has been asked by the census office which, if properly and correctly answered, will not lead to suggestive inferences regarding the American people and their work.

Don't forget Tuesday, June 5th, Knights of St. John entertainment at St. Rose's hall. Admission 25 cents.

"Safe blind, safe and." Fortify yourself by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla now and be sure of good health for months to come.

## REAL ESTATE.

Lot at Franklin Avenue and Market Street Sold.

J. O. Ohler and C. F. Lufkin sold today to Emma H. McKibben, lot No. 62, corner of Franklin avenue and Market street for \$700. Mrs. McKibben expects to build shortly a handsome residence on the lot.

## TEN DOLLARS

STOLEN FROM A POCKET BOOK LOST BY MRS. H. B. ADAMS.

The Pocket Book and Papers of the Value of Fifteen Hundred Dollars Have Been Recovered.

Yesterday afternoon a shopping bag containing a pocketbook, a First National bank pass book and a few other articles, was lost by Mrs. Harold B. Adams, of west Wayne street, while she was riding on a street railway car. This morning the shopping bag was found by a little girl at the fair grounds and nothing was missing except \$10 that the pocketbook had contained. Papers to the value of \$1,500 were still in the pocketbook when it was found.

## NEWS

From the City South of the River.

The Aged Mother of Mrs. J. V. Smiley Dies.

A Number of the New Members of Grace M. E. Church Baptized in the Hover Park Lake by Rev. Leatherman.

Mrs. Castle, of Van Wert, who has been visiting her daughter Mrs. Forrest, of Linden street, returned to her home yesterday.

Friday night at 6 o'clock, Rev. Leatherman will baptize several more converts at the Hover Park lake. These baptized yesterday by Rev. Leatherman were: Cecil Hall, Lora Crist, Lenora Tuttle, Maud Wolfe, Lida Ford, Grace Smoots, Lucian Curtis, Gertrude Judy, Julian Judy, Lena Ashby, Cara Dannamiller and Grover Dannamiller.

Miss Murry, who is at Columbus attending a kindergarten school and who graduates this term, will return to her home Saturday.

Susan Ryland, residing with her parents on west Vine street, was bitten on the hand yesterday by a vicious dog. The wound was not an exceedingly dangerous one but it was thought best to have it cauterized. The operation was performed by Dr. Rudy.

Mrs. Sarah Plummer, aged 81 years, widow of C. Plummer, of near West Newton, known to many residents here, being the mother of Mrs. J. V. Smiley, died at her home from paralysis. The funeral was held today at Salem chapel at 2 o'clock.

Engineer J. B. McWhirk, while on his run had one of his fingers severely mashed. It is not of a very serious nature but will prevent his working for awhile.

Mr. J. S. Smith, of Broadway, proprietor of the south side dry goods store is anticipating a pleasant visit to his old home in the near future at Pickerington, Ohio.

Walter E. Brown, chief dispatcher of the L. E. &amp; W., is having erected a fine dwelling on his lot in Maplewood Place. It is modern in every particular. Several other buildings are projected and probably will be erected during the summer.

Mrs. Davis, of Broadway, is at St. Marys where she will spend a few days vacation and visit with friends.

The two little children of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Parlett, of Second street, who have had a severe case of scarlet fever are recovering.

## THE WHEEL OF 1900

Has "WOLFF-AMERICAN" on its name plate, and that's a sufficient guarantee of its quality; and the prices are right. Half a dozen different models from \$25 up. Full line of sundries.

HARRY RUMPLE,

112 North Elizabeth street.

196 Gt. Wky-44 ft

## NEW

## Owners of the Electric Plant

## Are in Charge.

Jos. Mayer, the President, Talks.

Believes Lima is One of the Best Cities in the Buckeye State.

Will Begin at Once to Make Extensive Improvements in the Electric Light and Power Plant.

Mr. Joseph B. Mayer, who has recently been elected president of the Lima Electric Light and Power Company, came to Lima today, and on being asked the plans of the company, made the following statement:

"I have become interested in the oil fields near Lima, and in that way, having made Lima my headquarters on my visits to the properties in which I am interested, heard that the Lima Electric Light and Power plant was for sale. I investigated the matter, and believing in the prosperous future of Lima as an active and industrious city, I associated myself with Mr. Herbert P. Bissell and H. St. C. Denny, of Buffalo, and some other eastern capitalists, and purchased the plant from the mortgagee, who had bid it in."

"It is our intention to immediately expend, under the advice of experts, a large sum of money to put the plant in first-class condition so that it will furnish to the city of Lima as good service as is furnished by any plant in any part of the country."

"We have so much faith in the future of Lima, from our investigation of its industries and itself, and the activity of its citizens, that we believe that we shall ultimately find this a profitable investment, and in that event we shall be in a position to interest other capitalists in other Lima enterprises."

"We expect to spend a good deal of our time here for the purpose of giving personal attention to the property, and we hope and expect that the citizens of Lima will give us their earnest and hearty co-operation to make this successful, and a credit to their city."

"It is our intention to retain in our employ the present general manager and superintendent of the property, as we believe they are well qualified to do efficient service, and we prefer to give employment only to the residents of Lima, believing that such a course will be of mutual benefit to us all."

## IN THE SPRING

TEMPERED STEEL FRAME of the WOLFF-AMERICAN wheel you have a feature that cannot be duplicated by any other make—\$25 and up. Full line of sundries.

HARRY RUMPLE,

112 North Elizabeth street.

196 Gt. Wky-44 ft

Lamp Sale at F. E. Harmon's great bargains. Don't miss them.

## STOLEN.

A handsome green silk dress shirt lined with green silk, stolen by a man Ten dollars reward and no questions asked. Finder call at 216 North Central avenue. 5-3c

## SPECIAL LAMP SALE

Began today. All lamps are marked at cost and many of them less than cost to clear them out on account of our rebuilding. You can get a nice lamp for \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.85 and up to \$10.00. If you need one don't miss this sale, it will save you money.

F. E. HARMON,

213 and 215 North Main St.

There will be a general rehearsal of the Eljah chorus, with orchestra, at the opera house tonight. Let every member be present promptly at 7:30. E. CHRISTEN, Pres.

## Reflect a Minute.

You want a spring suit, you don't feel like expending much. You are somewhat afraid of venturing out to buy for fear of being imposed upon with either quality or price. REFLECT A MINUTE, THE MAMMOTH has an idea for you to investigate.

A Sale of \$10, \$12 and \$15 Suits at

\$8.85

Hundreds have bought, hundreds can testify. Too many \$10, \$12 and \$15 Suits on hand. We must sell them, we won't carry them over. The price is doing the work.

\$8.85

Come in and look, buy, take the suit home, if not satisfactory come back, your money gladly. REFLECT A MINUTE.

THE MAMMOTH.

THE BIG STORE.

LIMA, O.

BUYERS READILY ADMIT THAT WE HAVE

THE BEST SHIRT WAISTS.  
THE BEST BELTS.  
THE BEST PARASOLS.

Not only are the leading styles here, but every facility as to quality and price, as a whole the best possible values.

Feldmann &amp; Co

209-211 N. MAIN ST.

## RECEPTION COMMITTEE.

Following Patrons and Patronesses Have Been Selected.

The following prominent persons and will act as patrons and patronesses of the spring festival to be given tomorrow evening, when Mendelssohn's masterpiece, Eljah, will be rendered under the direction of Prof. Hugh W. Owens, by the Lima Choral Society with Mr. Armon Jones as Eljah.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Baxter, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. VanDyke, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Riche, Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Selfridge, Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Motter, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. S. Neely, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. O'Day, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Mackenzie, and Mrs. C. F. Lufkin, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Ohler, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Sprague, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Aiken, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Roby, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Harlan, and Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Linneman.

Dr. McIndoe, Dentist. Painless Methods. Both telephones. 184-1f

## W. H. ANDERSON,

A Prominent Findlay Attorney, is Dead.

William H. Anderson, a prominent attorney of Findlay, died yesterday afternoon after a two weeks' illness with pneumonia. He was well known throughout this part of the state. Mr. Anderson was formerly one of the leading Democrats in northwestern Ohio and served Hancock county several years ago as prosecuting attorney. He was noted as an able criminal lawyer and had a large practice.

## ATTENTION.

Buckeye Home No. 16, Home Guards of America will meet Friday evening at 7:30. Special and important matters to come before Home, Do not fail.

F. LAUGHLIN,

Secretary.

We want to get our Lamp stock reduced and offer special bargains. See our north window. F. E. Harmon.